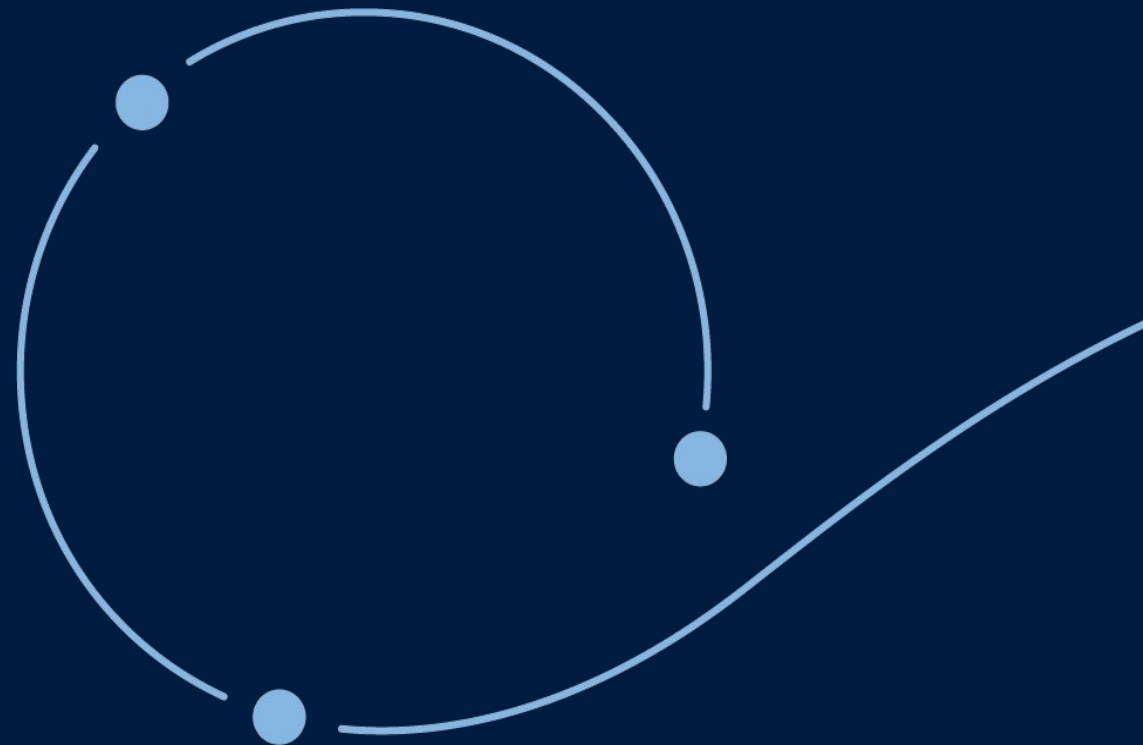


# Presentation Attack Detection Improved by Face Image Quality Assessment

Marian Beszédeš



# Agenda

- Innovatrics
- Passive Liveness (PL) check applications
- SER-FIQ for face image quality assessment
- Face image quality for passive liveness
- Biases of PL quality
- PL Quality as trigger for actionable feedback
- How to deal with hard spoofs

# • INNOVATRICS

We are an independent provider of biometric solutions for governments and enterprises.

# • INNOVATRICS

## Achievements



 **1 Billion+** Enrollees

 **500+** Projects

 **3 Biometric Modalities**  
Fingers / Iris / Face

 **80+** Countries

 **17 Years** on the Market

 **~150 Employees**

# Elections Africa

## Trusted Voter Registration

7 million applicants enrolled

250 applicant registrations  
per minute



# Criminal Investigation Southeast Asia

## Law Enforcement ABIS

Automated Biometrics identification System

---

180 million records

---

Over 3 000 stations

---

3 modalities





# Border Control Middle East

## Law Enforcement ABIS

Automated Biometrics identification System

---

80 million records

---

100 000 border crossings a  
day

---

24/7 onsite support



# Digital Onboarding Banking

## Digital Onboarding & ABIS

---

70% time saved

---

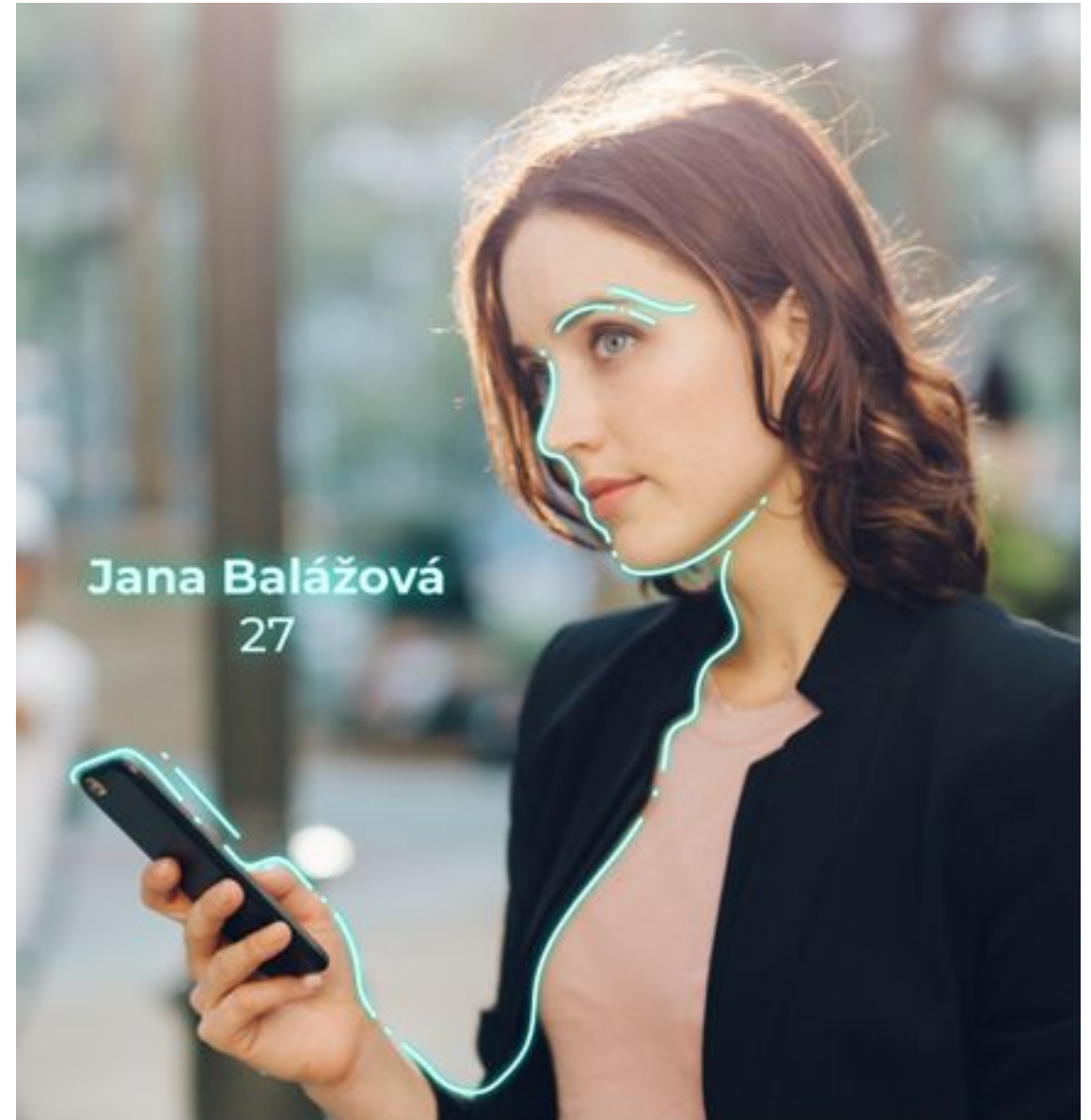
30% new accounts

---

50% student accounts

---

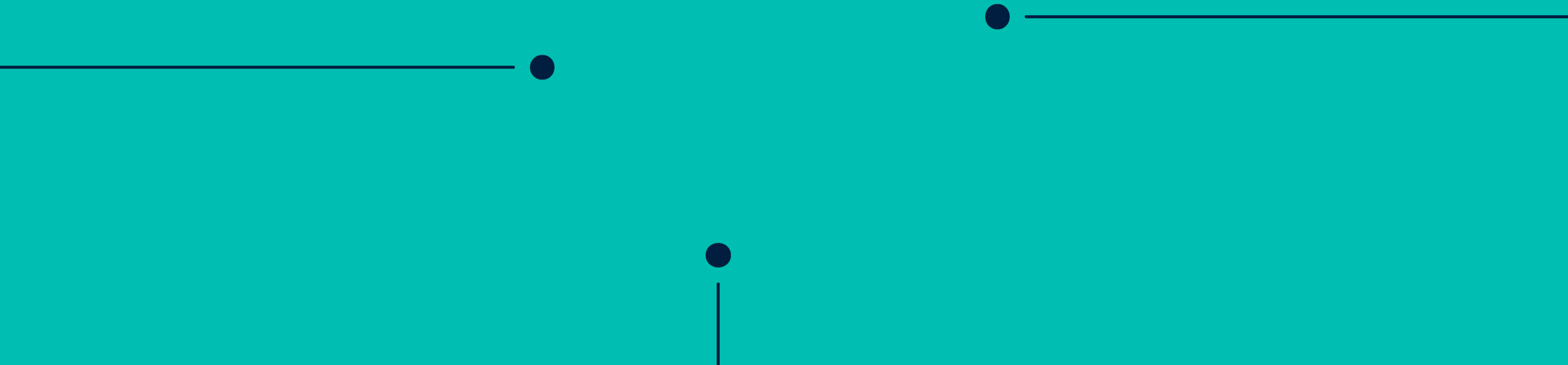
3 simple steps





# Passive Liveness Check

For digital onboarding



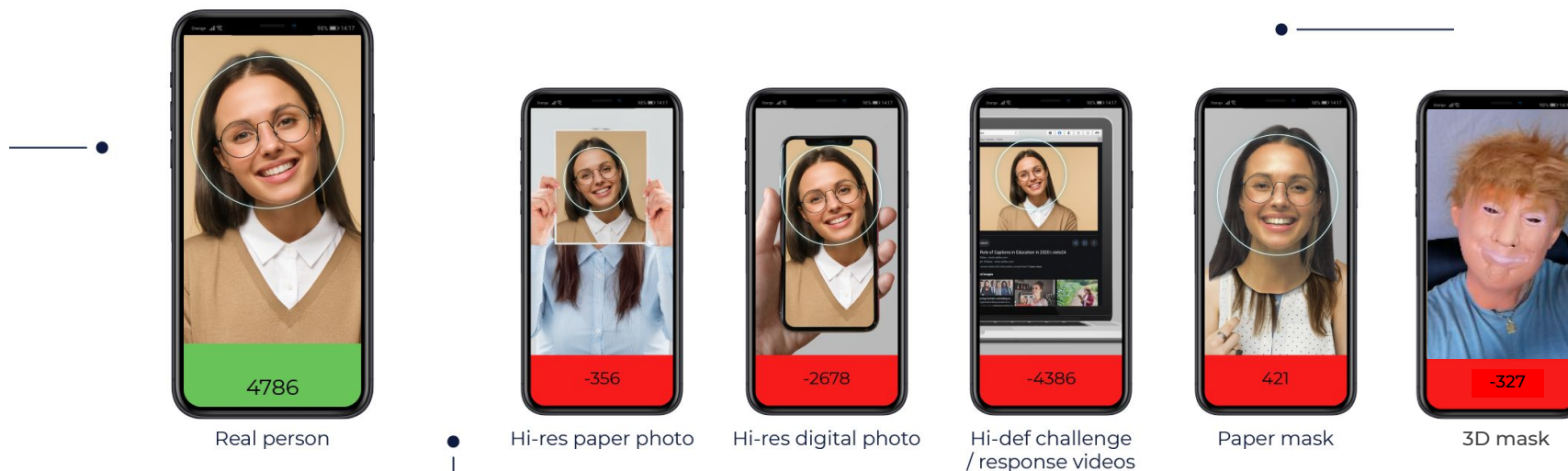
# Passive liveness (PL)

## What ?

- No user interaction needed
- Single shot
- On device

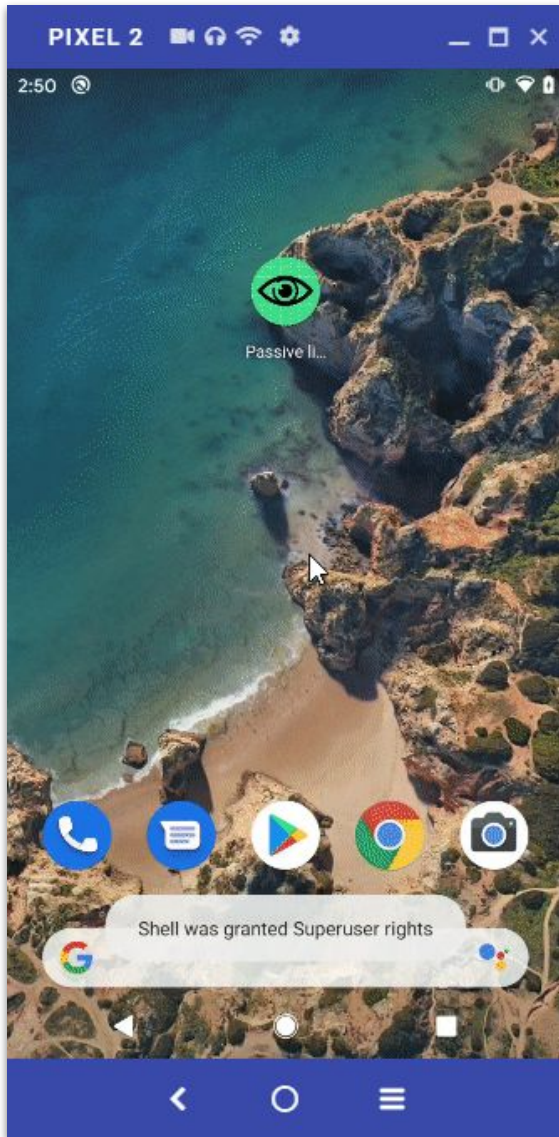
## Why ?

- Faster
- More reliable
- Better user experience



  
 Liveness Check  
**Passed**

  
 Liveness Check  
**Failed**





## Presentation Attack Detection

Level 1 Certification  
Level 2 Certification

---



# Passive liveness

	Test Species	Android v3.0.0			iOS v2.1.0(1)		
		PAs	APCE	APCER	PAs	APCE	APCER
1.	3D Curved Paper Mask	150	0 of 150	0%	150	0 of 150	0%
2.	Latex Mask	150	0 of 150	0%	150	0 of 150	0%
3.	Inexpensive Silicone Mask	150	0 of 150	0%	150	0 of 150	0%
4.	Resin Mask	150	0 of 150	0%	150	0 of 150	0%
5.	Layered 2D Transparent Photo	150	0 of 150	0%	150	0 of 150	0%
Total per species			0 of 150	0%		0 of 150	0%
Total for all species			0 of 750	0%		0 of 750	0%

# Use cases for passive liveness check

- Integral part of any verification / registration process
- DOT (Digital Onboarding Toolkit) applications
  - Car driver registration
  - eVisa issuance
  - Employee registration
  - Bank account opening
  - eSIM card registration
  - Home quarantine check

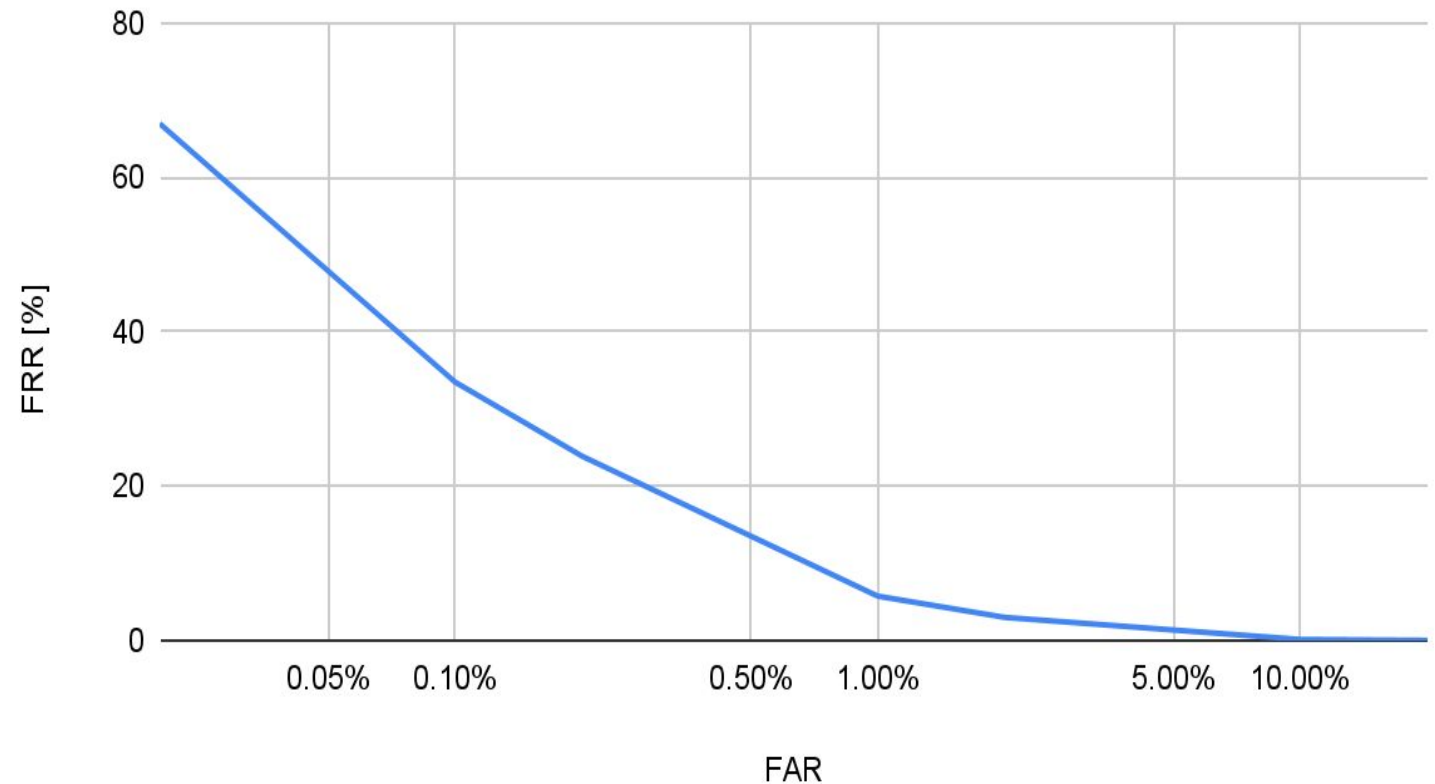


# PL Accuracy

- DOT testing dataset
  - Smartphone selfies / Webcams
  - Challenging real world
  - Crowd spoofs hunting
  - 10k Genuines / 19k Spoofs

## DET of Passive Liveness

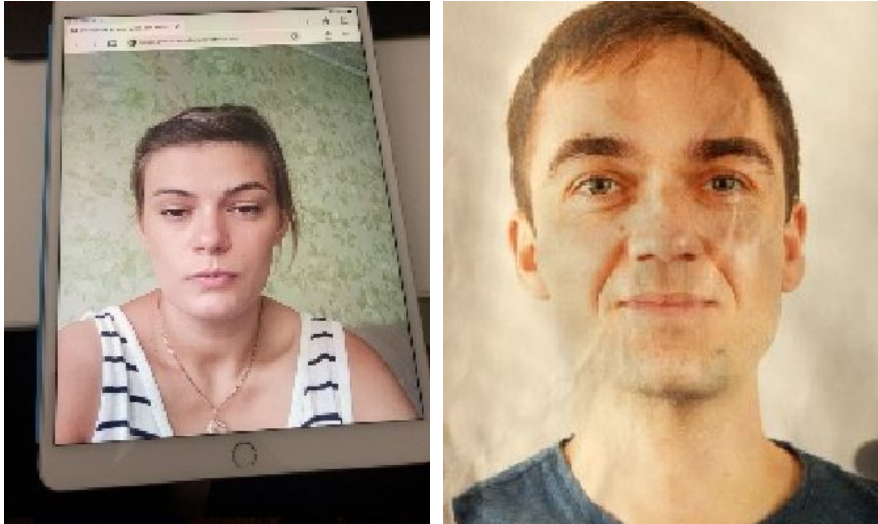
DOT testing dataset



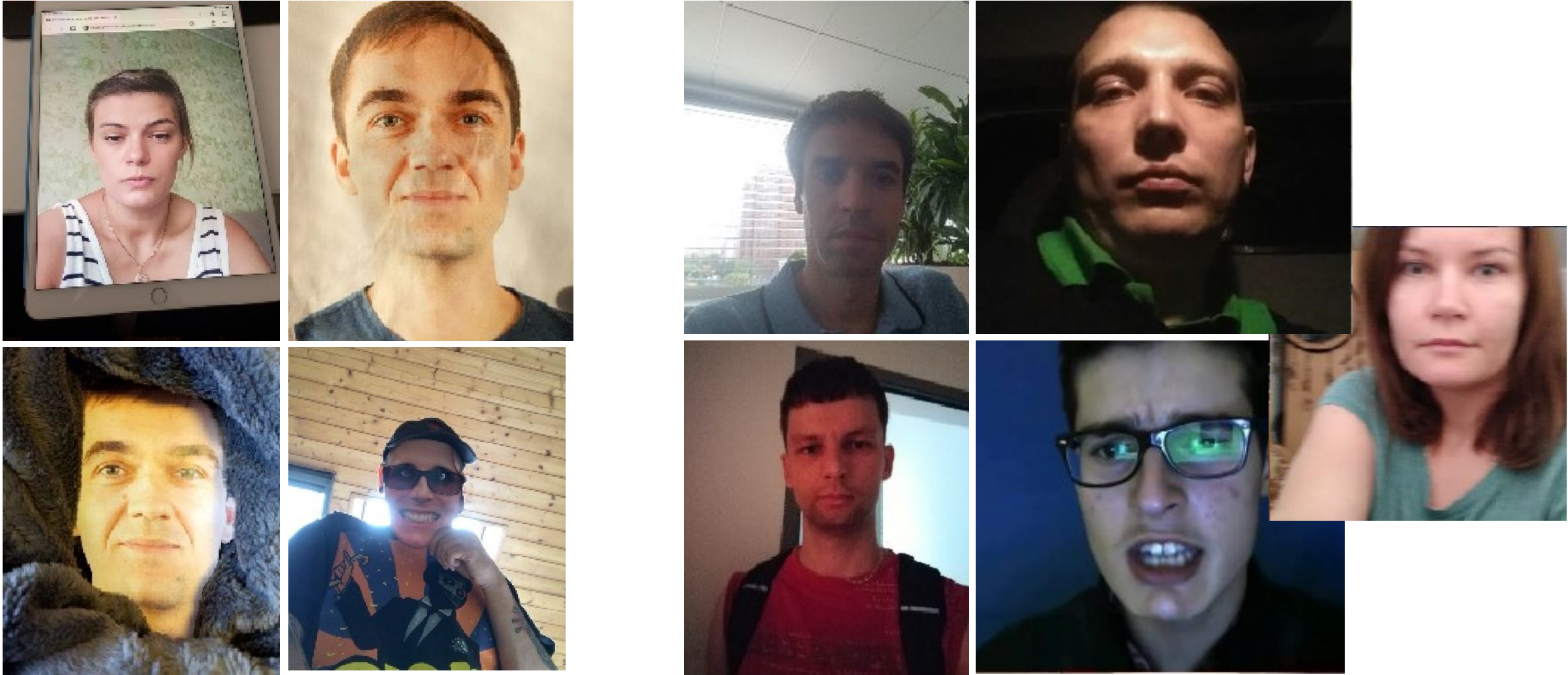


# Still some edge case failures

**Spoof** having **high** PL score

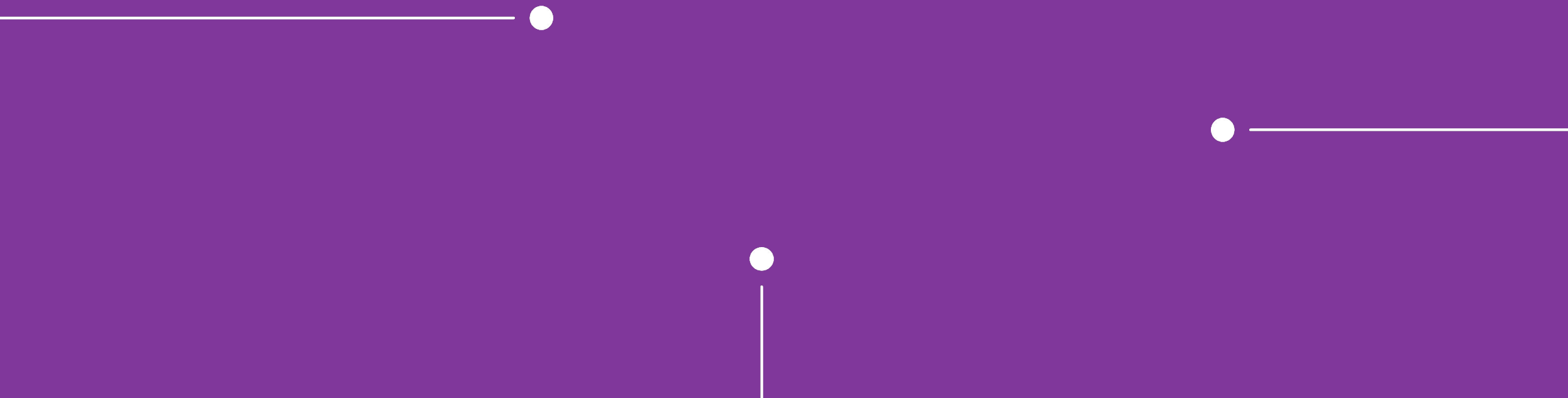


**Genuines** having **low** PL score



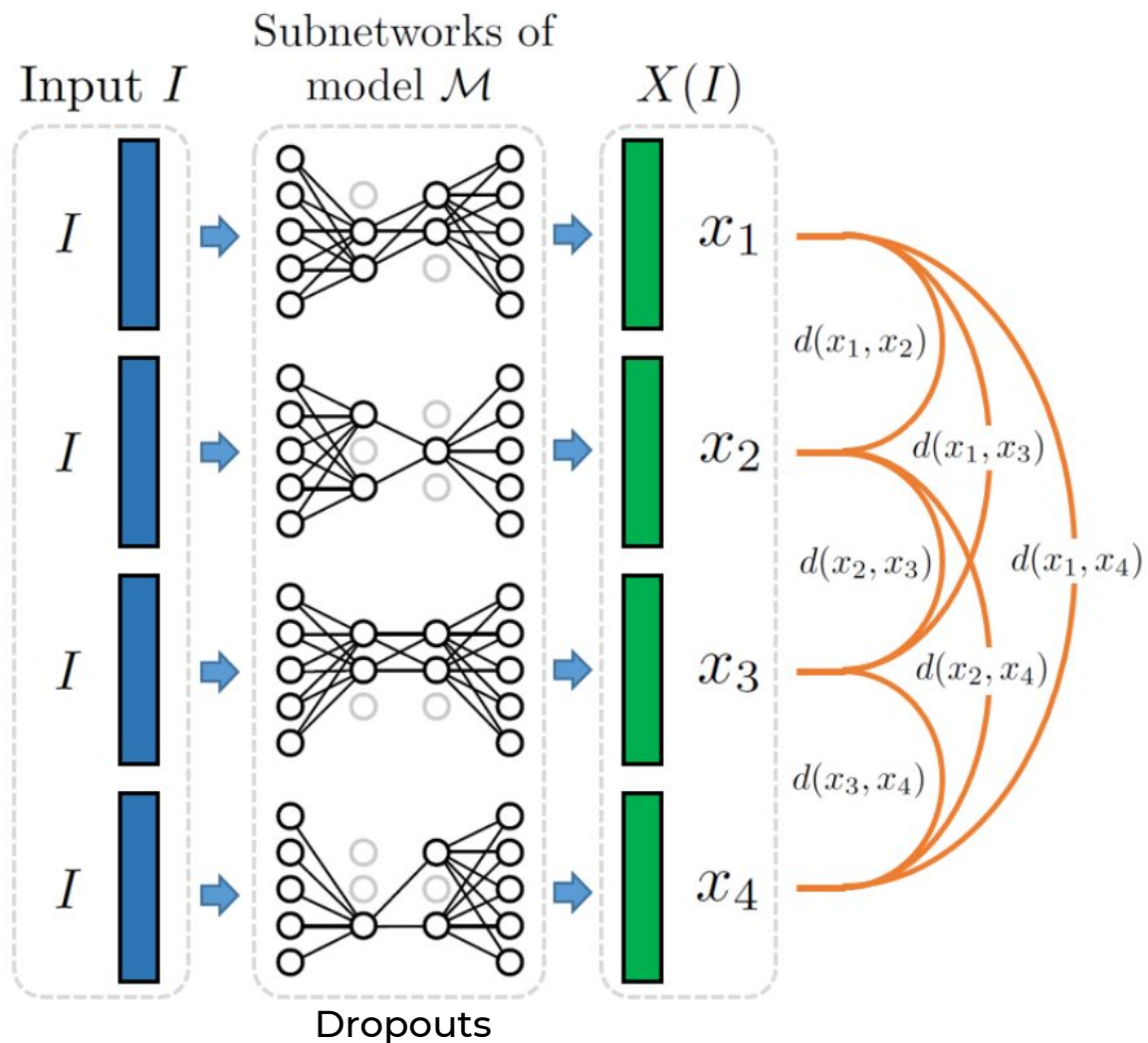
# Face Image Quality Assessment

Terhorst, Philipp, et al. "SER-FIQ: Unsupervised estimation of face image quality based on stochastic embedding robustness." CVPR 2020

The slide features a solid purple background. A thin white horizontal line is positioned below the text. To the right of this line, a white dot is connected to the line by a short white segment. Further to the right, another white dot is connected to a longer white horizontal line that extends to the right edge of the slide. Below the main text area, a white dot is connected to a vertical white line that extends downwards to the bottom edge of the slide.

# SER-FIQ

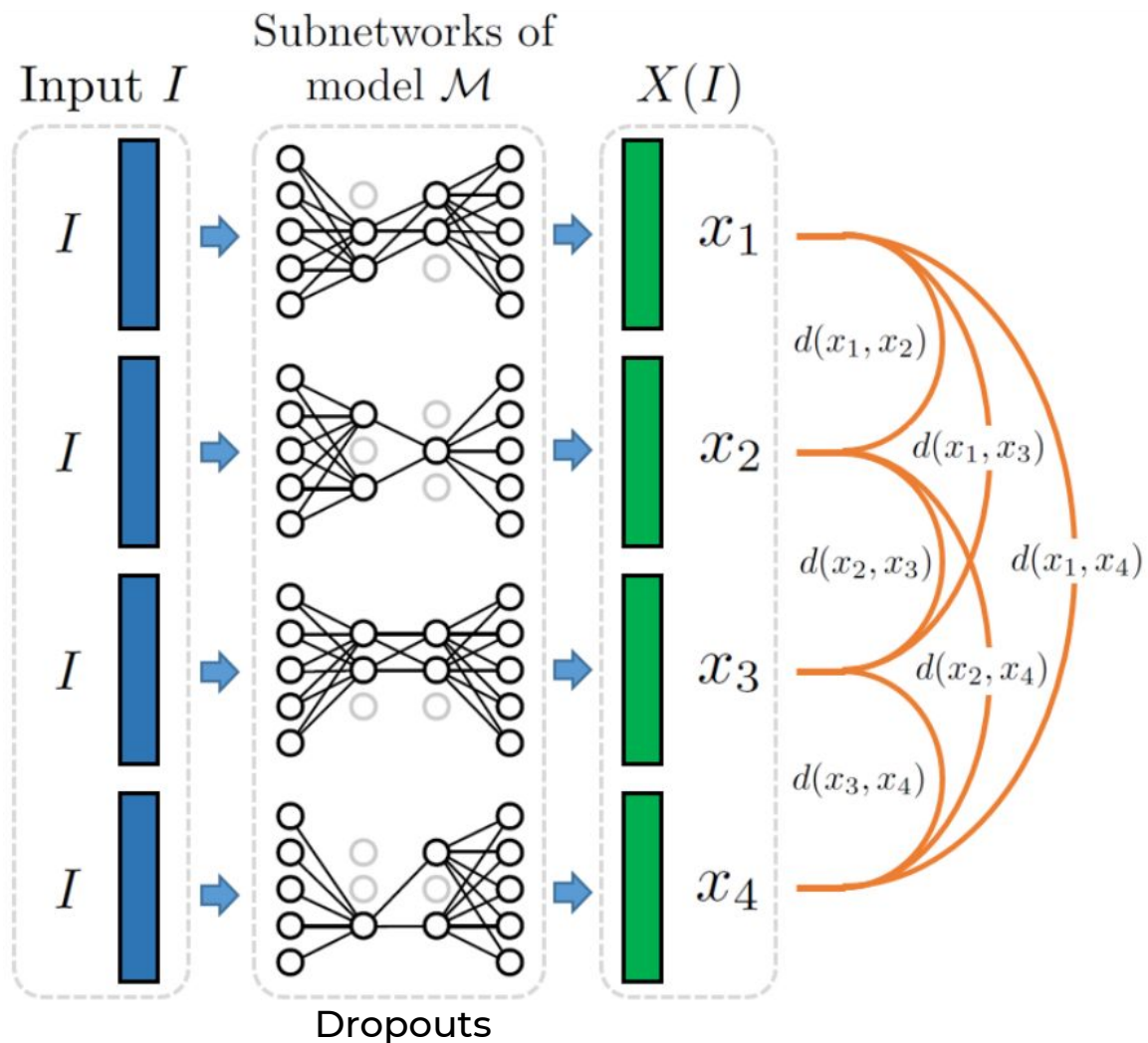
## Stochastic Embedding Robustness = Face Image Quality



- Face recognition model should use dropout (at least last layer)
- Face embeddings from subnetworks
  - Small variations = High quality
  - Large variations = Low quality

# SER-FIQ

## Face Image Quality = Stochastic Embedding Robustness



$$q(X(I)) = 2 \sigma \left( - \frac{2}{m^2} \sum_{i < j} d(x_i, x_j) \right)$$

$I$  - image

$X(I)$  - set of  $m$  stochastic embeddings

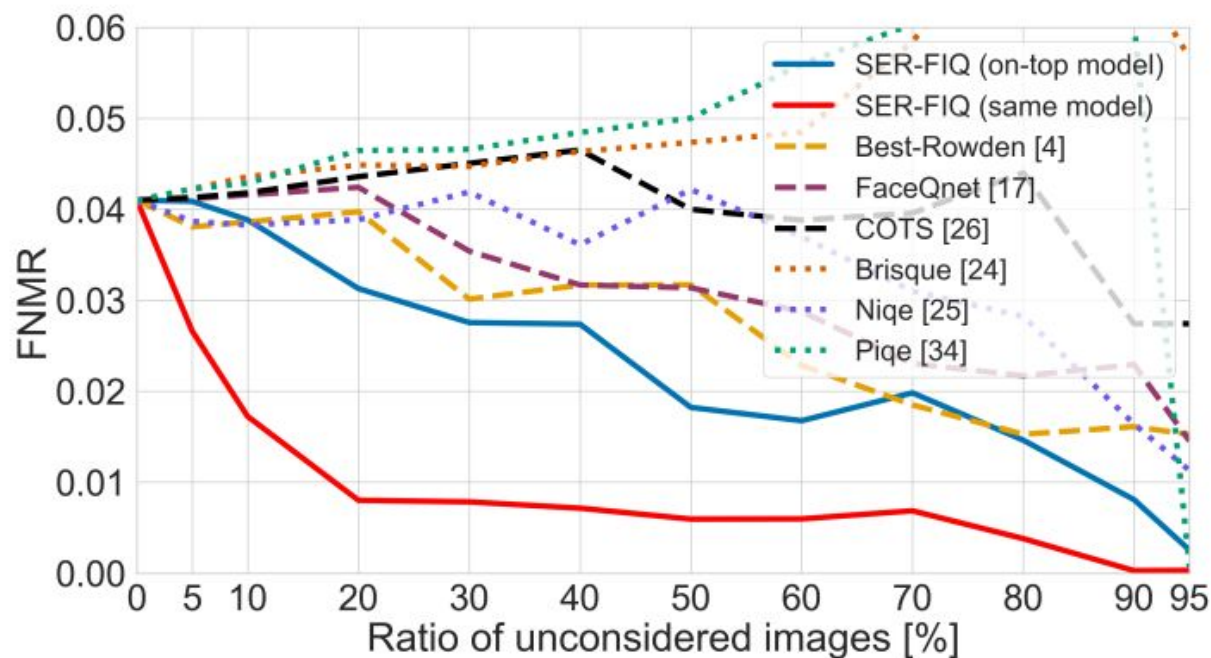
$q$  - face quality

$d(x_i, x_j)$  - euclidean distance of embeddings  $x_i, x_j$



# SER-FIQ low face quality filtering

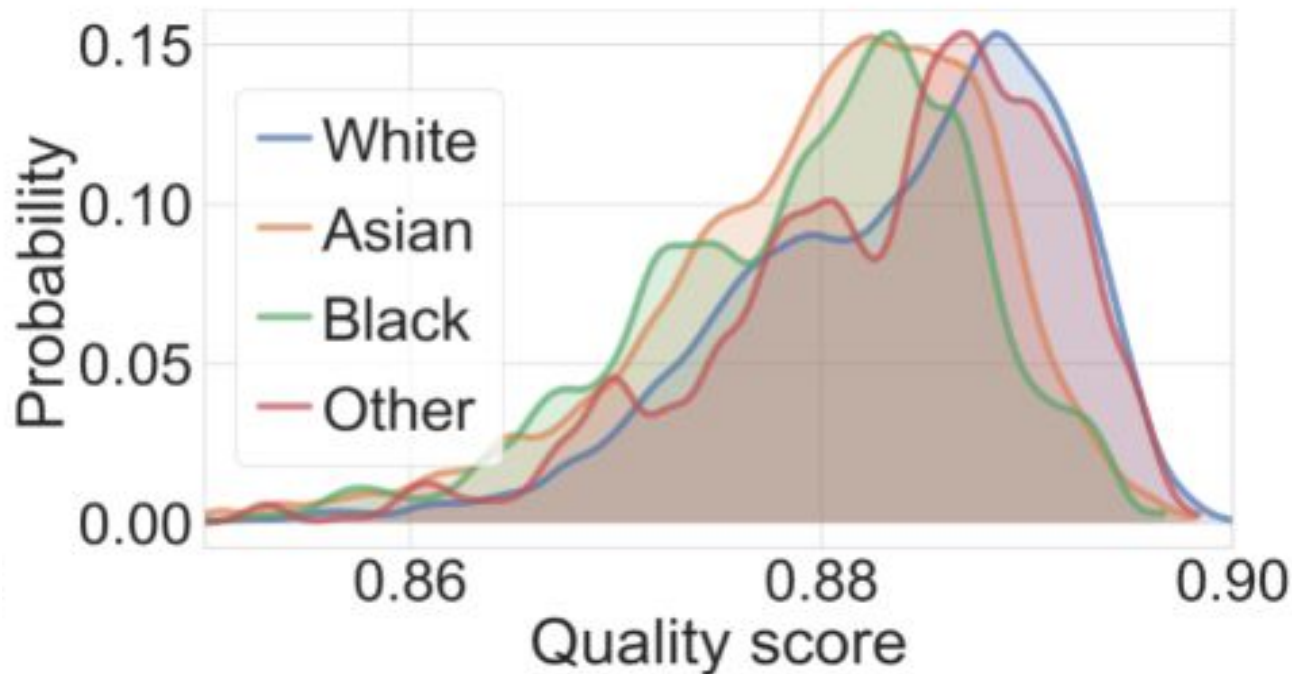
- Filtering out the images with low Face image Quality improves face verification
- Comparison to other methods



ArcFace NN, LFW dataset, FNMR @ FMR=0.001



# SER-FIQ face quality biases



- Asian/Black faces have lower quality than White faces in general = Bias
- It has the same biases as utilized face recognition models

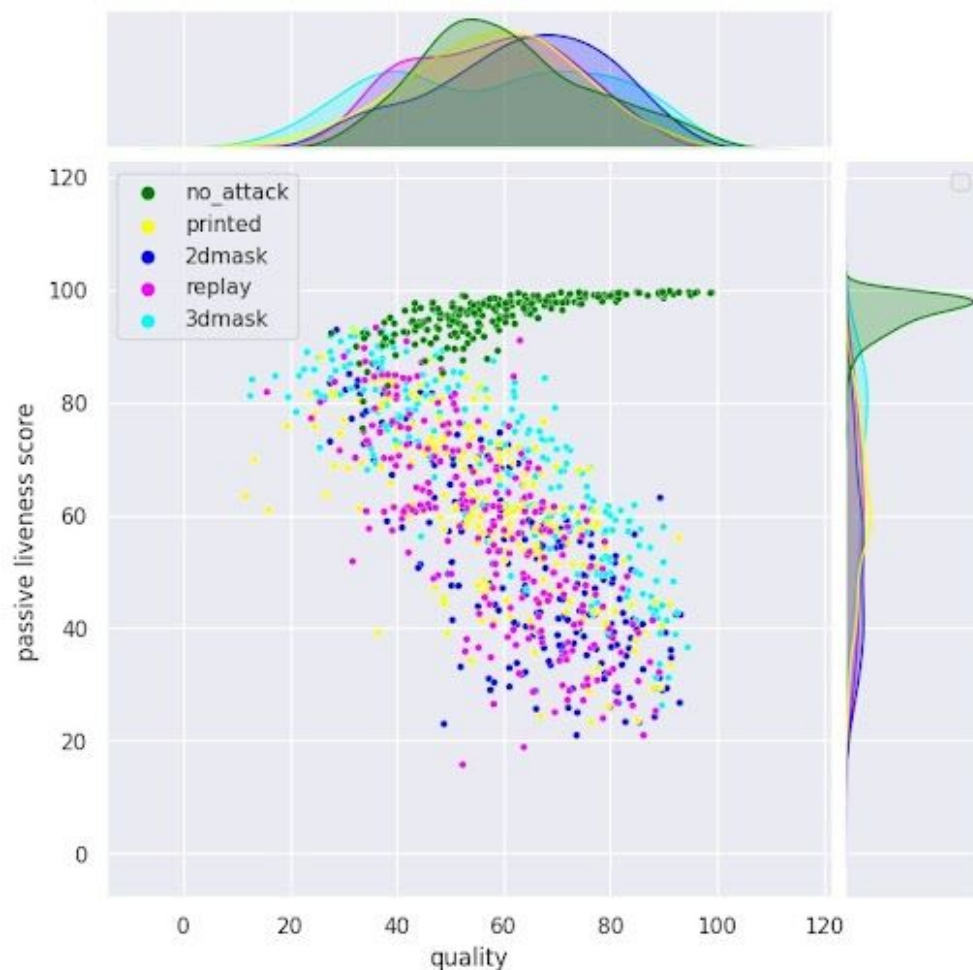
Terhörst, Philipp, et al. "Face quality estimation and its correlation to demographic and non-demographic bias in face recognition." *2020 IEEE International Joint Conference on Biometrics (IJCB)*. IEEE, 2020.

# Face Image Quality for Passive Liveness



# PL Quality vs PL Score

## DOT Test DB



- DOT testing dataset
  - Smartphone selfies / Webcams
  - Challenging real world images
  - Crowd spoofs hunting
  - 10k Genuines / 19k Spoofs
- High quality
  - Algorithm has perfect accuracy
- Low quality
  - Algorithm is not sure

# PL score vs Quality - Spoofs

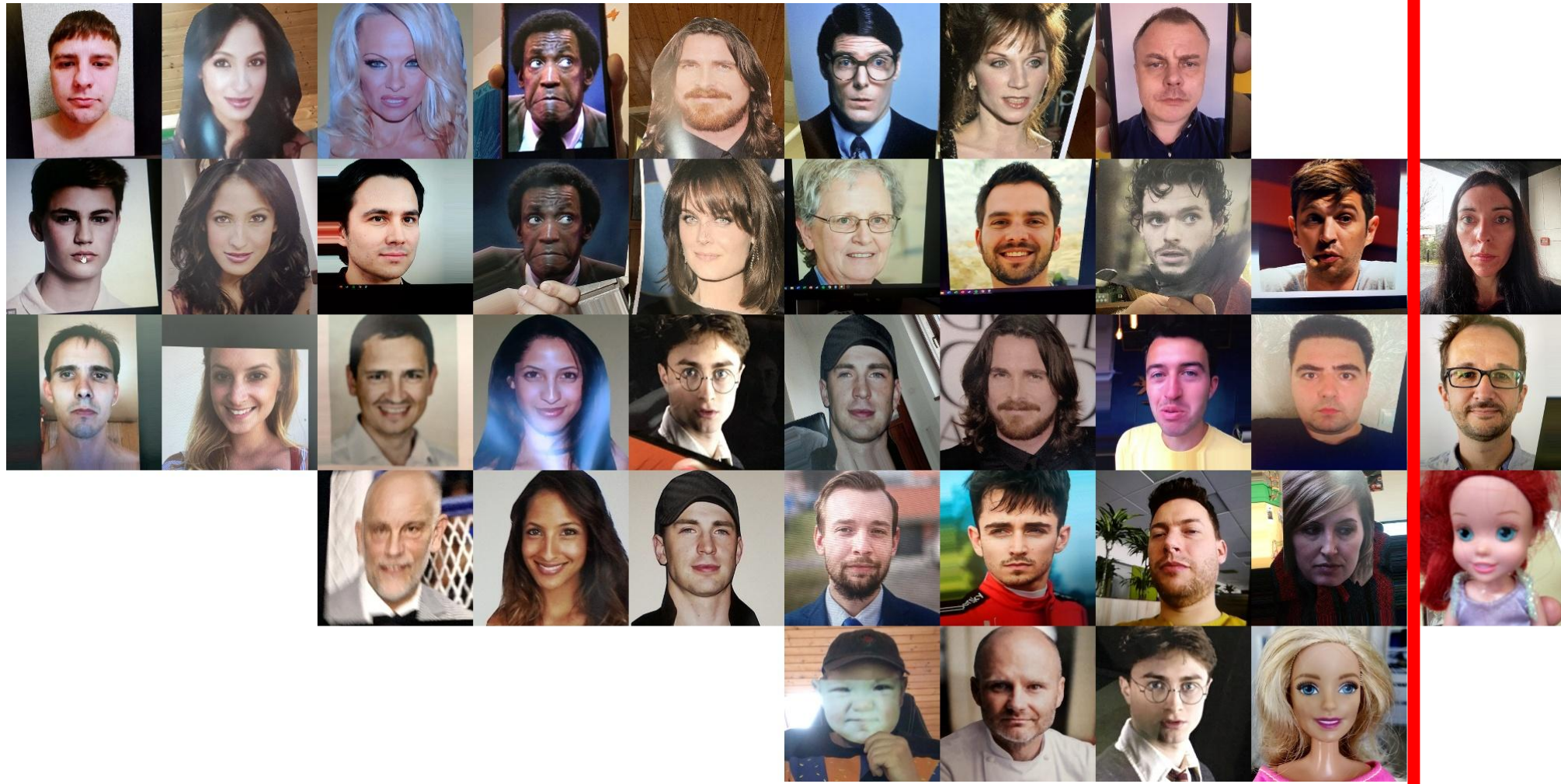
DOT test dataset

Threshold

High quality



Low quality



Low PL score



High PL score



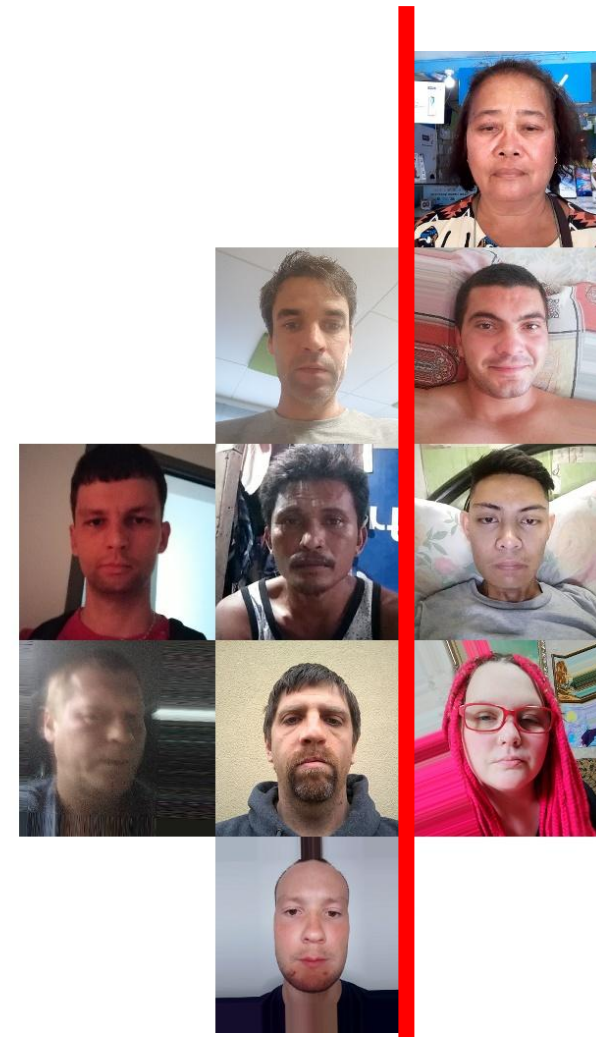
# PL score vs Quality - Genuines

DOT test dataset

High quality

Low quality

Threshold



Low PL score

High PL score



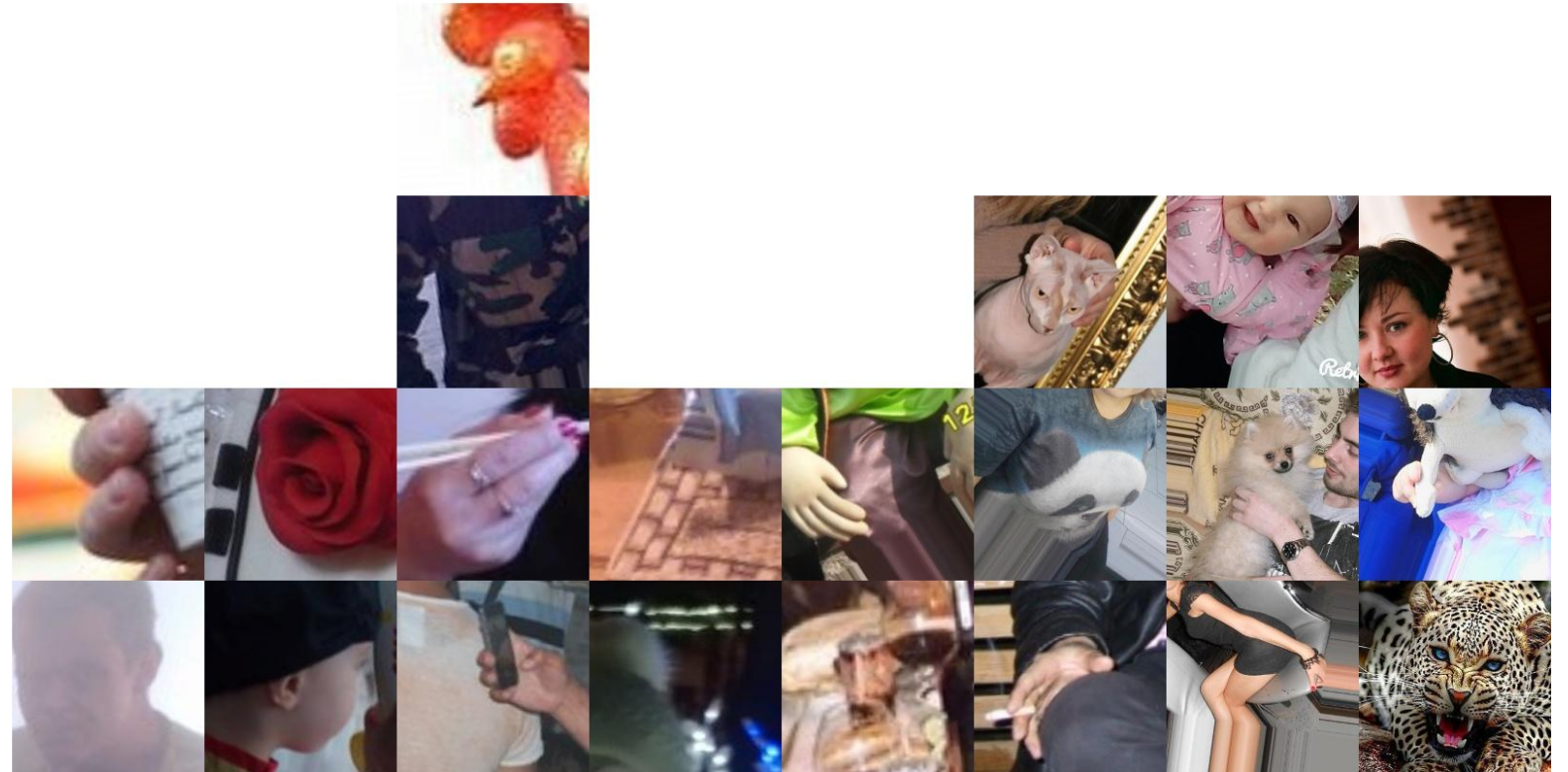
# PL score vs Quality - NonSense

High quality



Low quality

Low PL score



High PL score



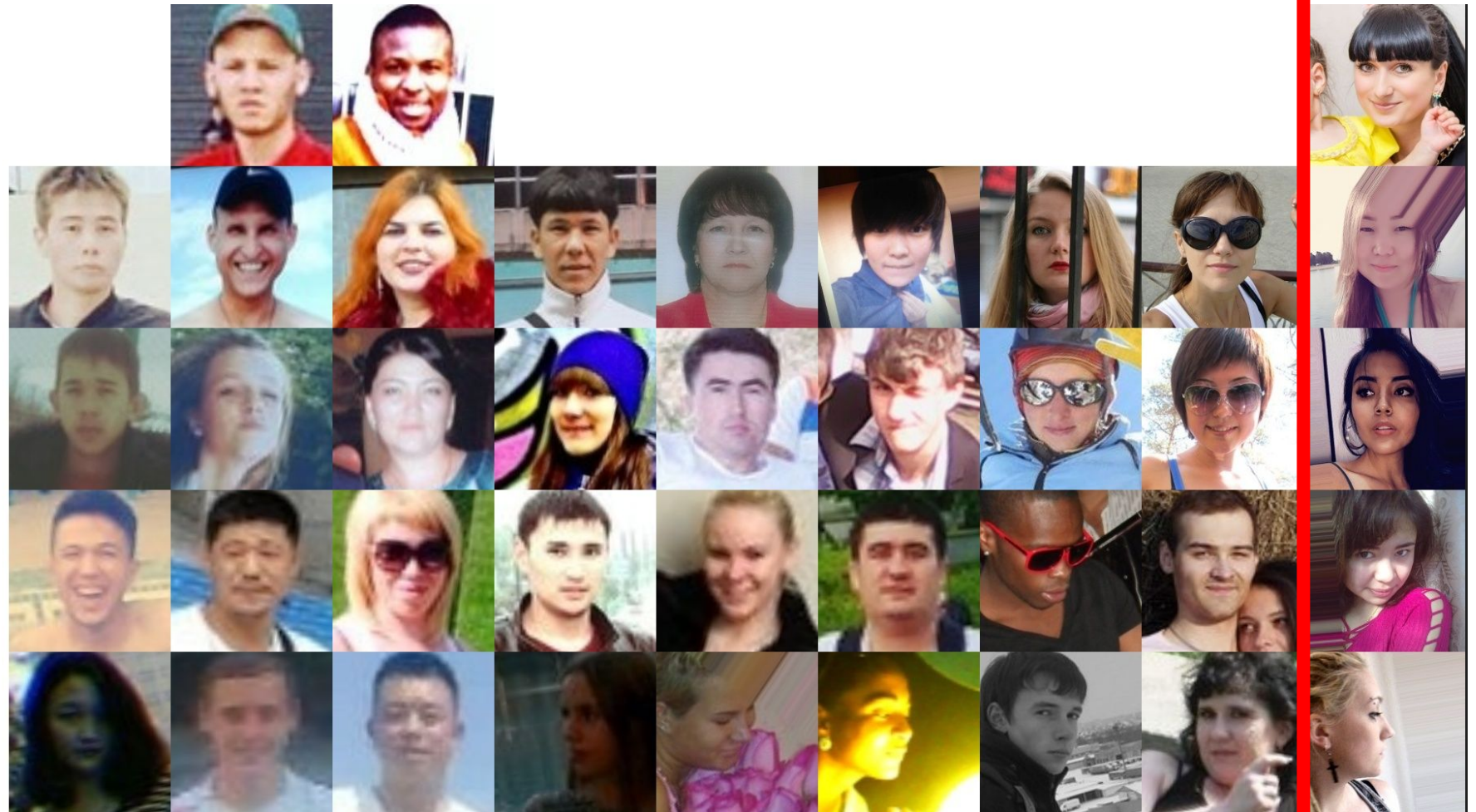
# PL score vs Quality - Any genuines

Threshold

High quality



Low quality

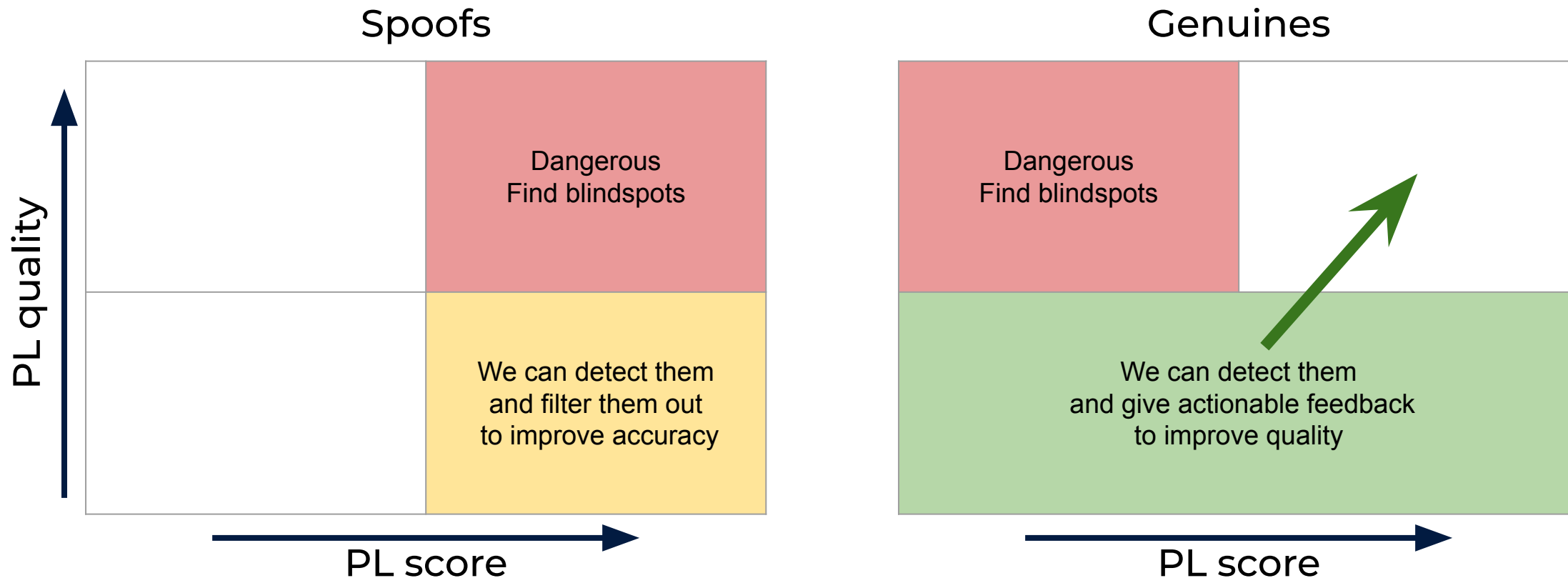


Low PL score



High PL score

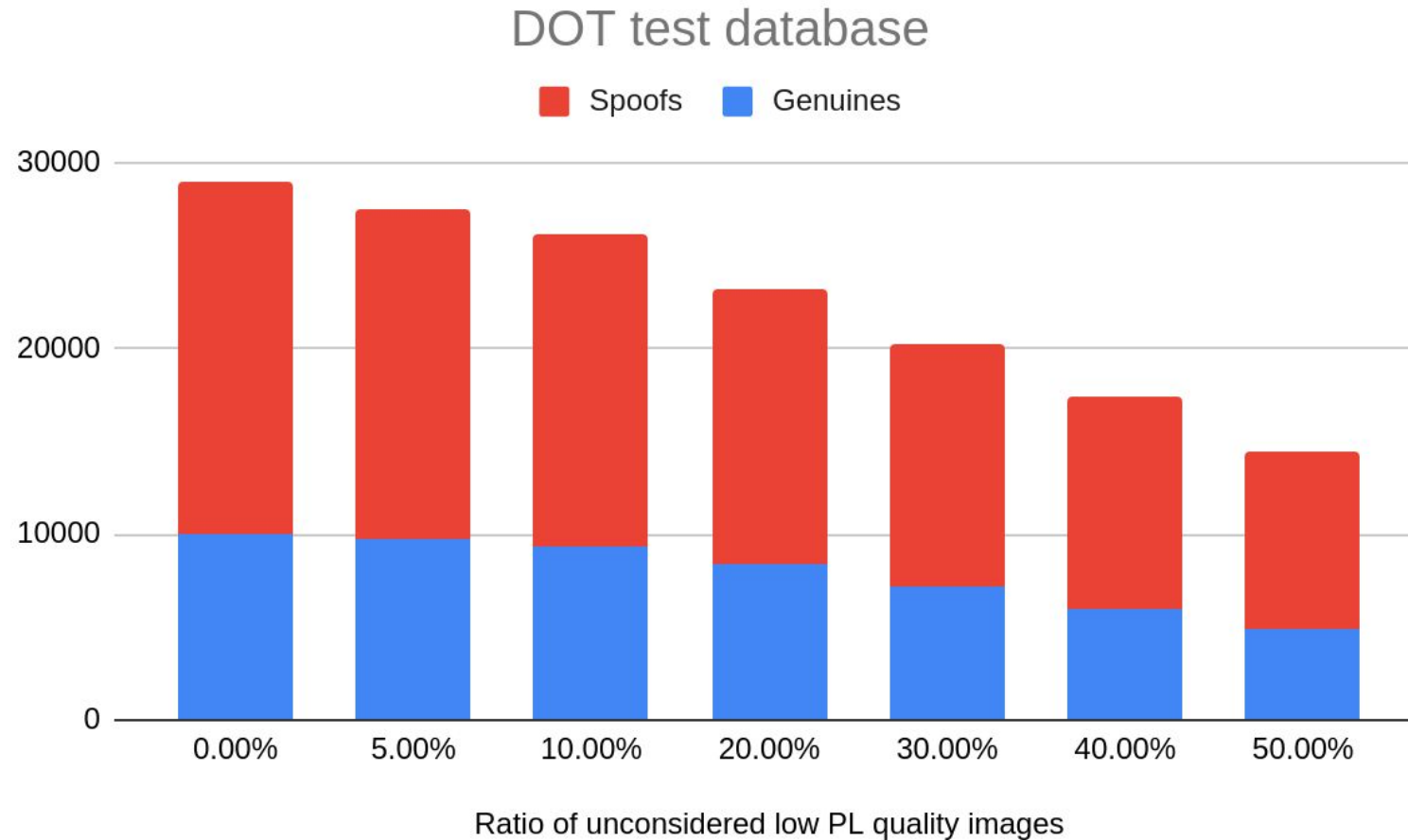
# Findings and Hypotheses



PL quality could be good for:

- Improving accuracy of passive liveness algorithm
- Indication of low quality data
- Finding blind spots of PL algorithm

# Filtering images with low PL quality



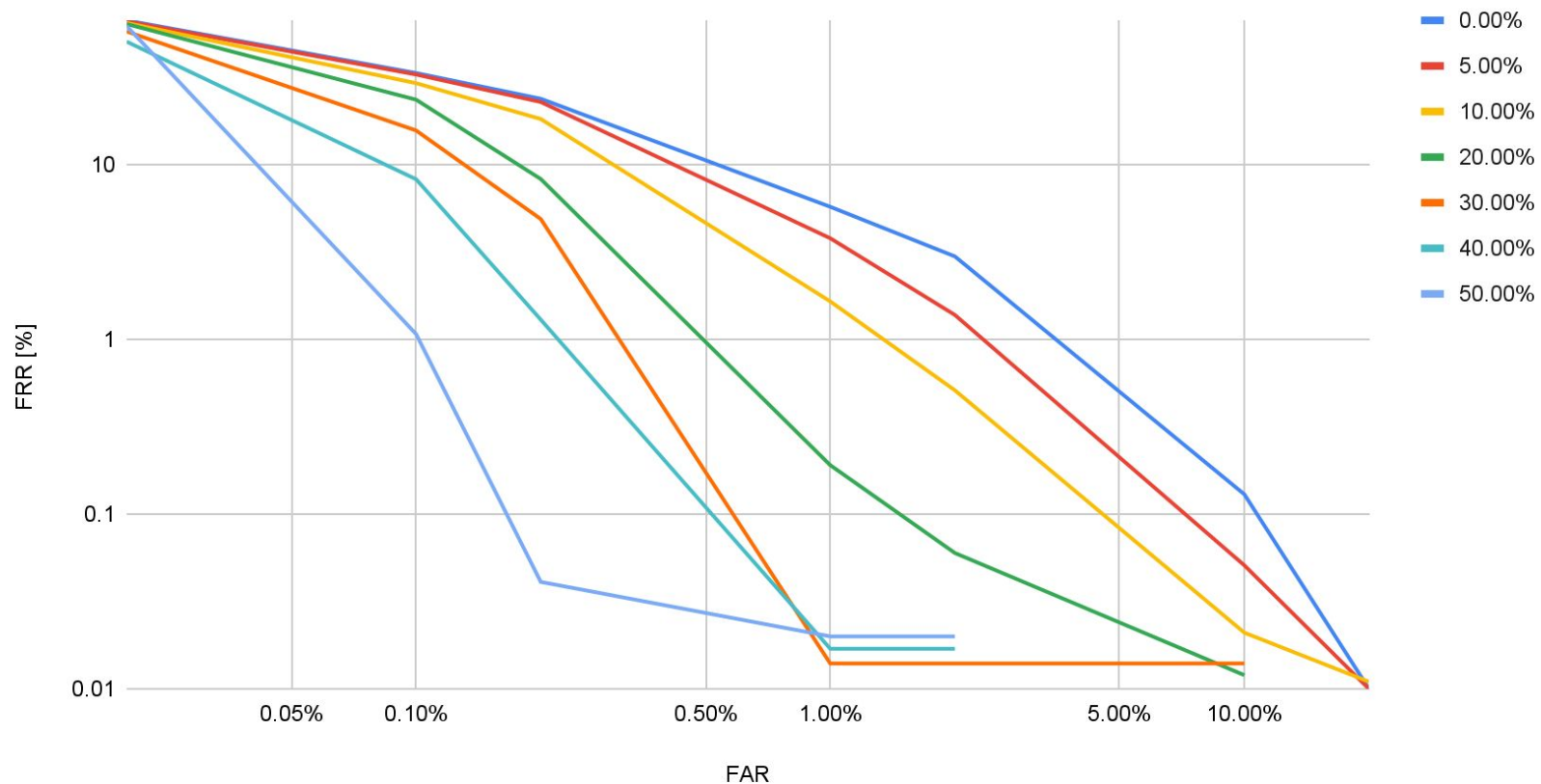
- Ratio of spoofs vs genuines remains the same



# Improving accuracy of PL algorithm

DET characteristics for different ratios of unconsidered low PL quality images

DOT test dataset



- FAR  $10^{-1}$  -  $10^{-3}$ 
  - significant FRR improvements
  - Low quality spoofs / genuines filtered out
- FAR  $< 10^{-3}$ 
  - No FRR changes
  - High quality spoofs are still there



# Patterns in low PL quality genuines → actionable feedback

- Images -> Features
  - PL NN as feature extractor
  - Imagenet NN as extractor
  - PCA
- Clustering
  - t-Sne
  - K-Means
- Blind spots
  - Homogenous clusters having some specific property

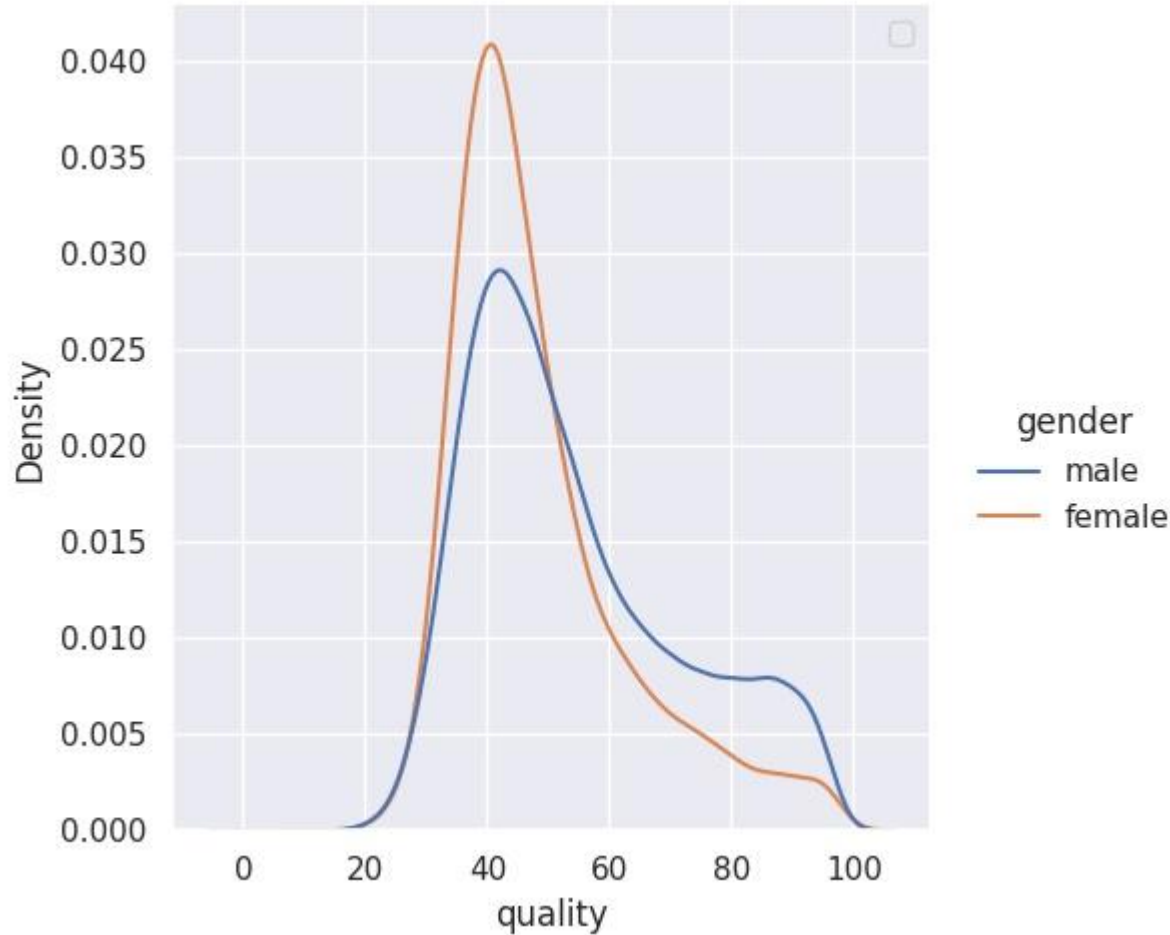
# Are there any biases in PL quality ?



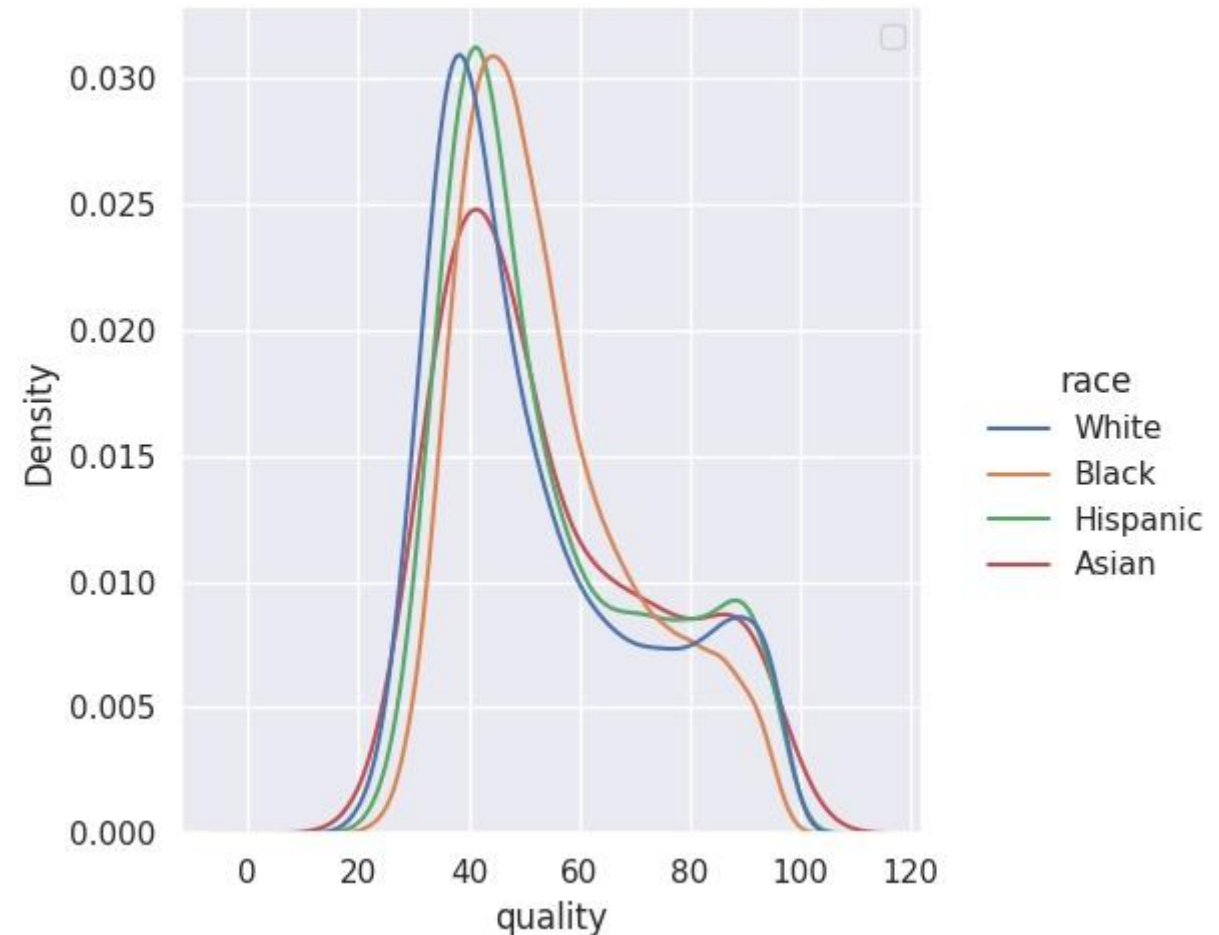
# Are there biases in our PL quality ?

Morph Inmates dataset

Gender



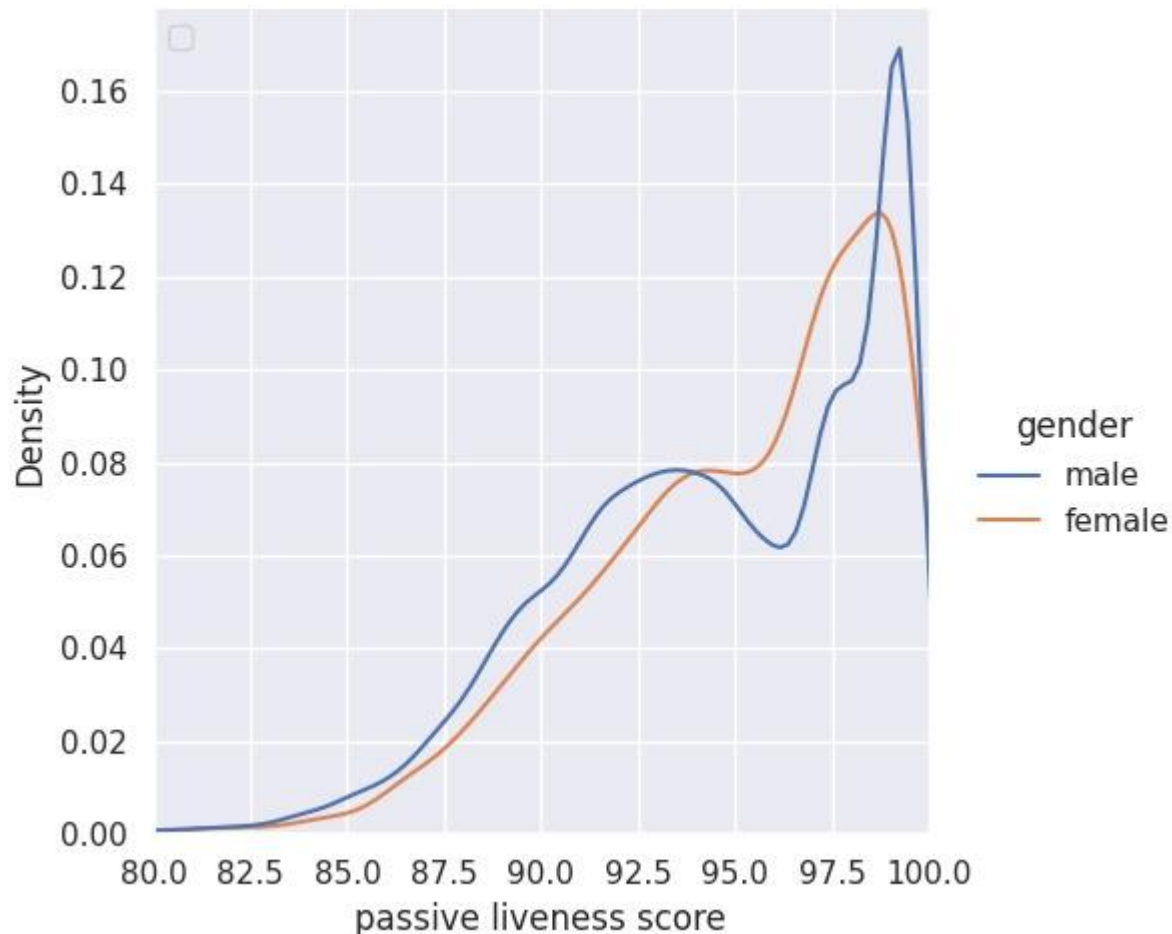
Race



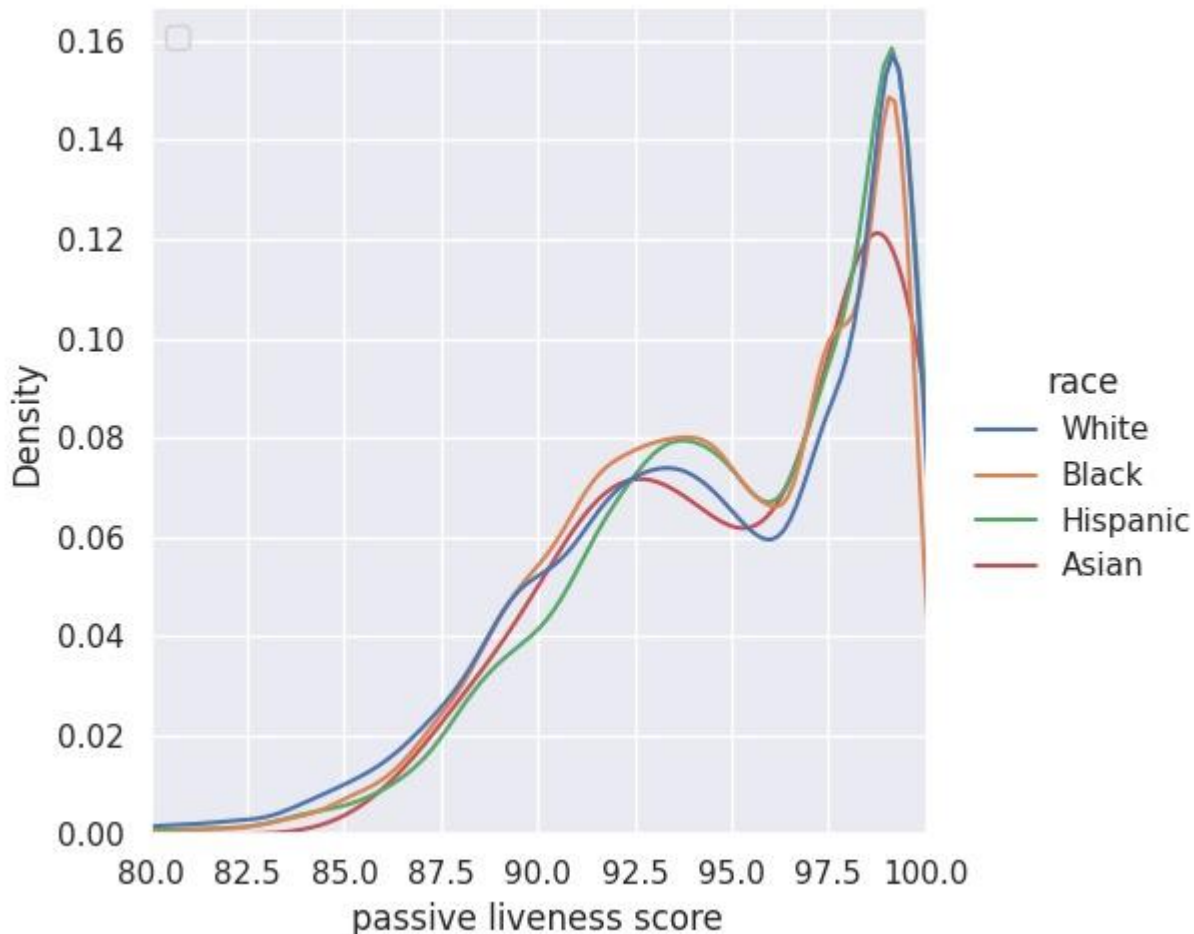
# Are there biases in our PL check ?

Morph Inmates dataset

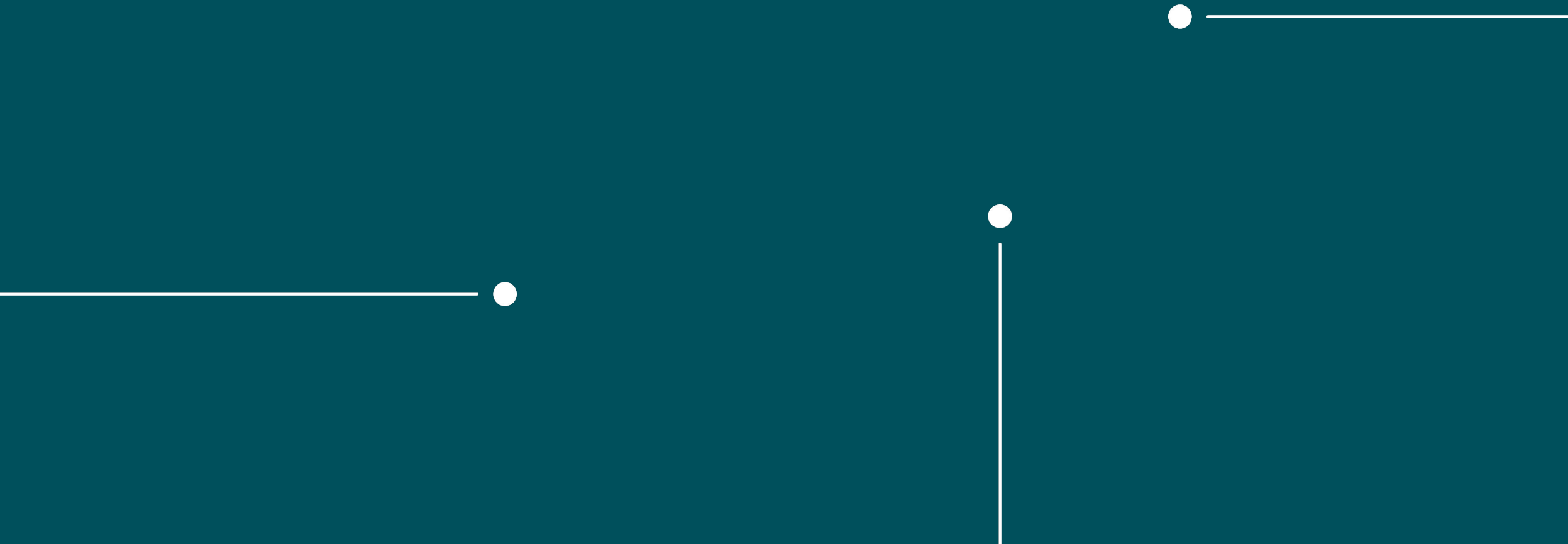
Gender



Race

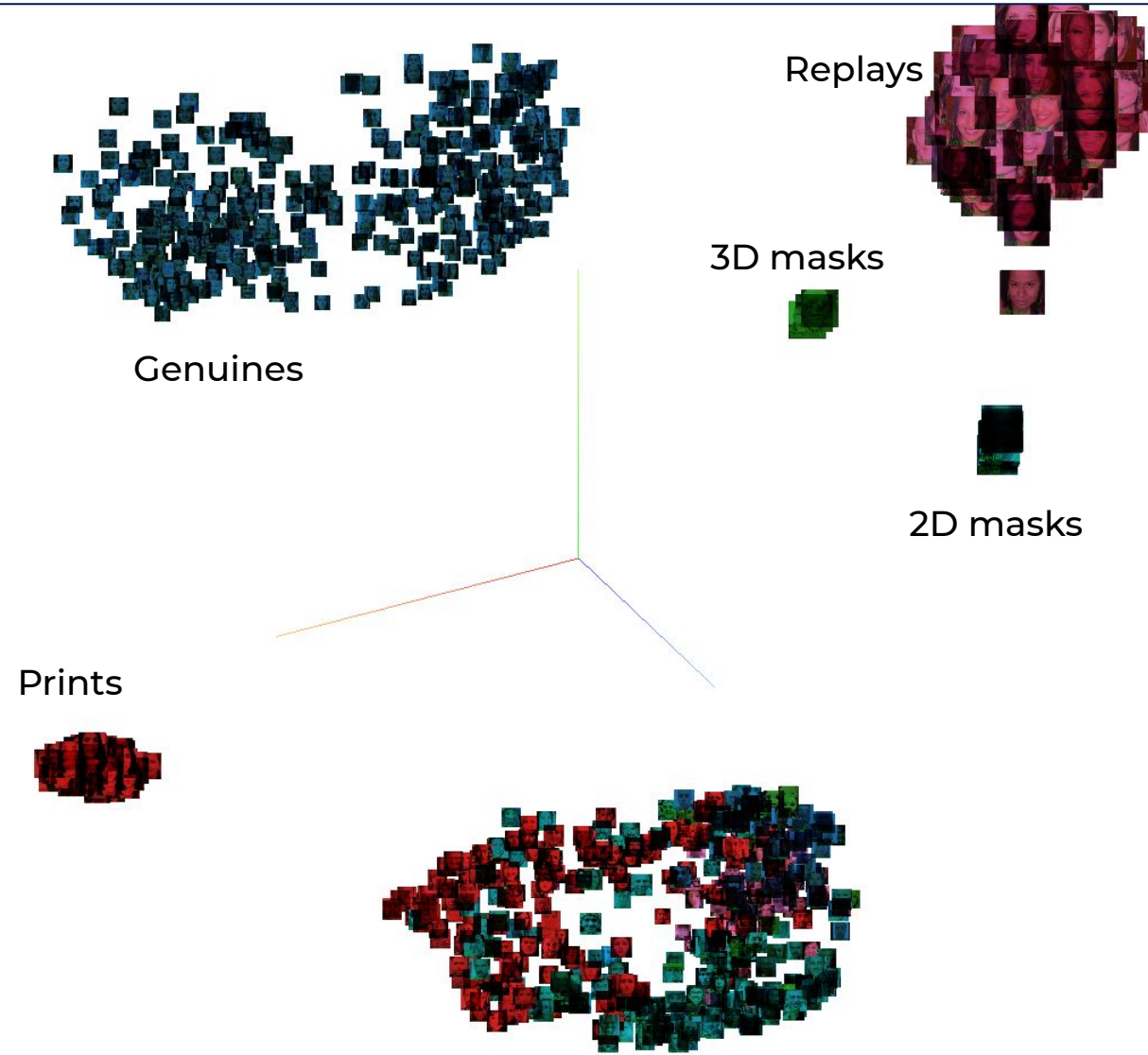
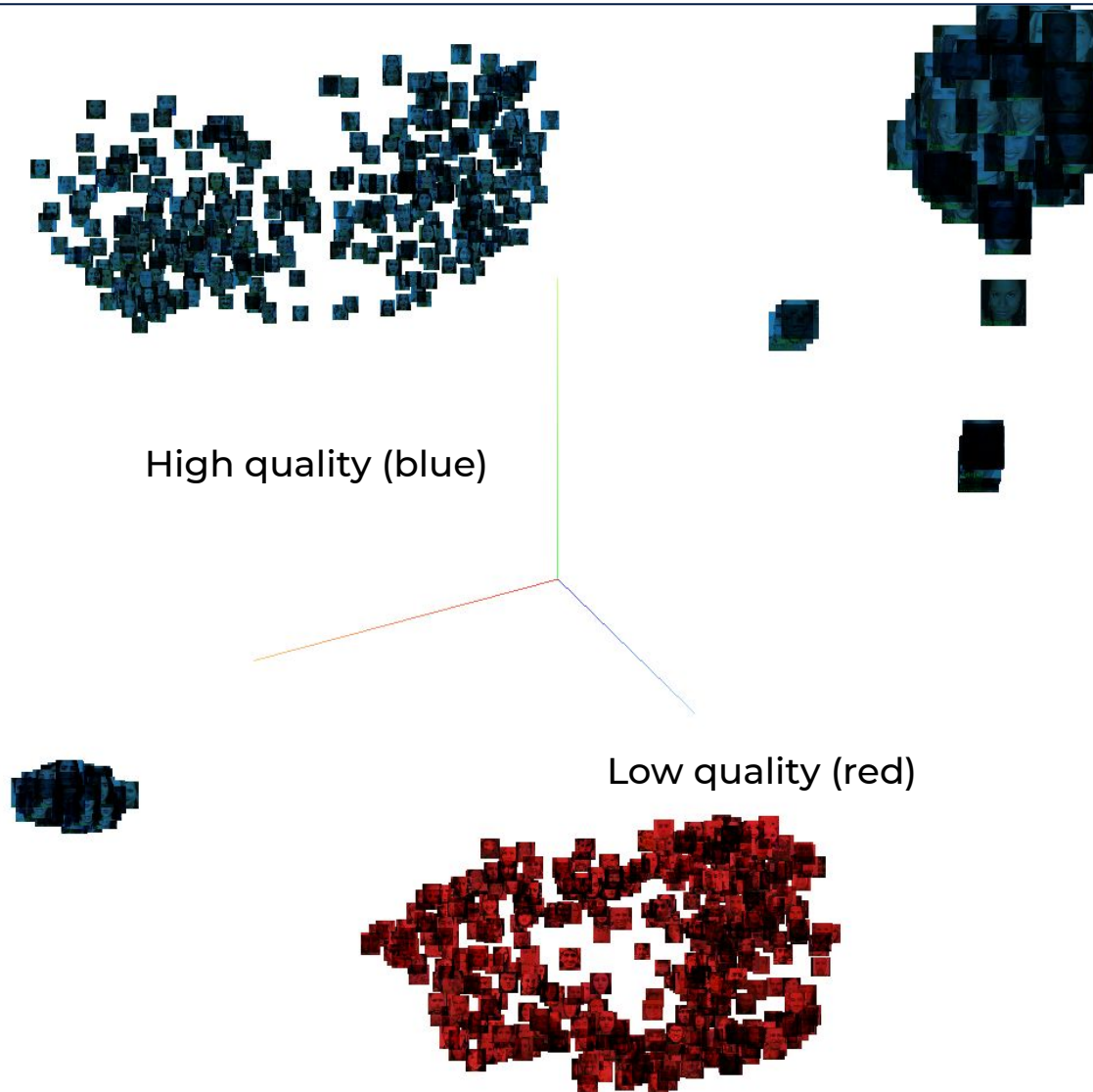


# PL Quality as a Trigger for Actionable Feedback





# PL Features + t-SNE



# ImageNet Features + KMeans

## ImageNet

- recognition of 1000 generic classes

## Our case

- fine-grained face type images
- large heterogeneous clusters

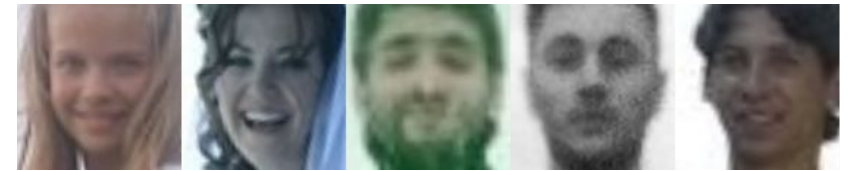




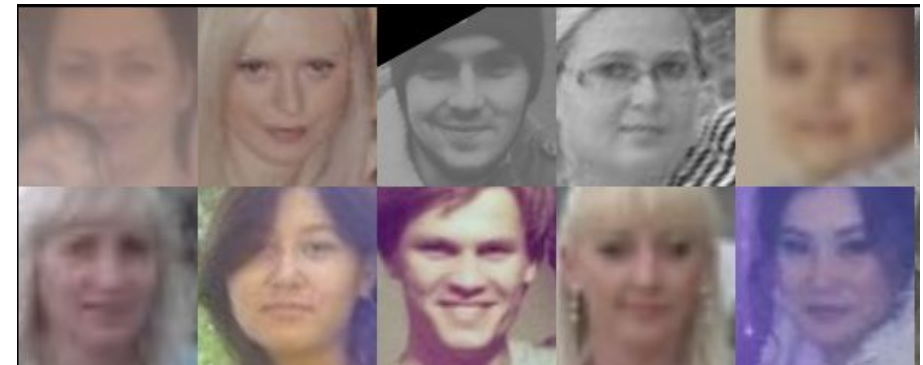
# PCA + K-Means

- Compact clusters
- Clearly identified problems
- Similarity to the cluster
  - Distance from the cluster centre

Backlight + Low contrast



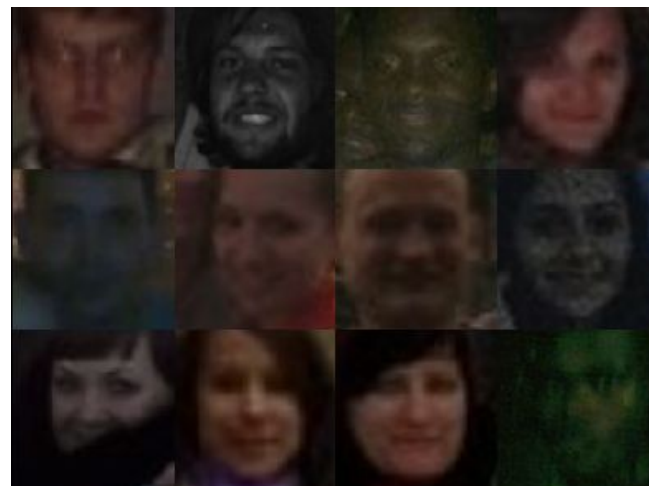
Low contrast



Over-exposed



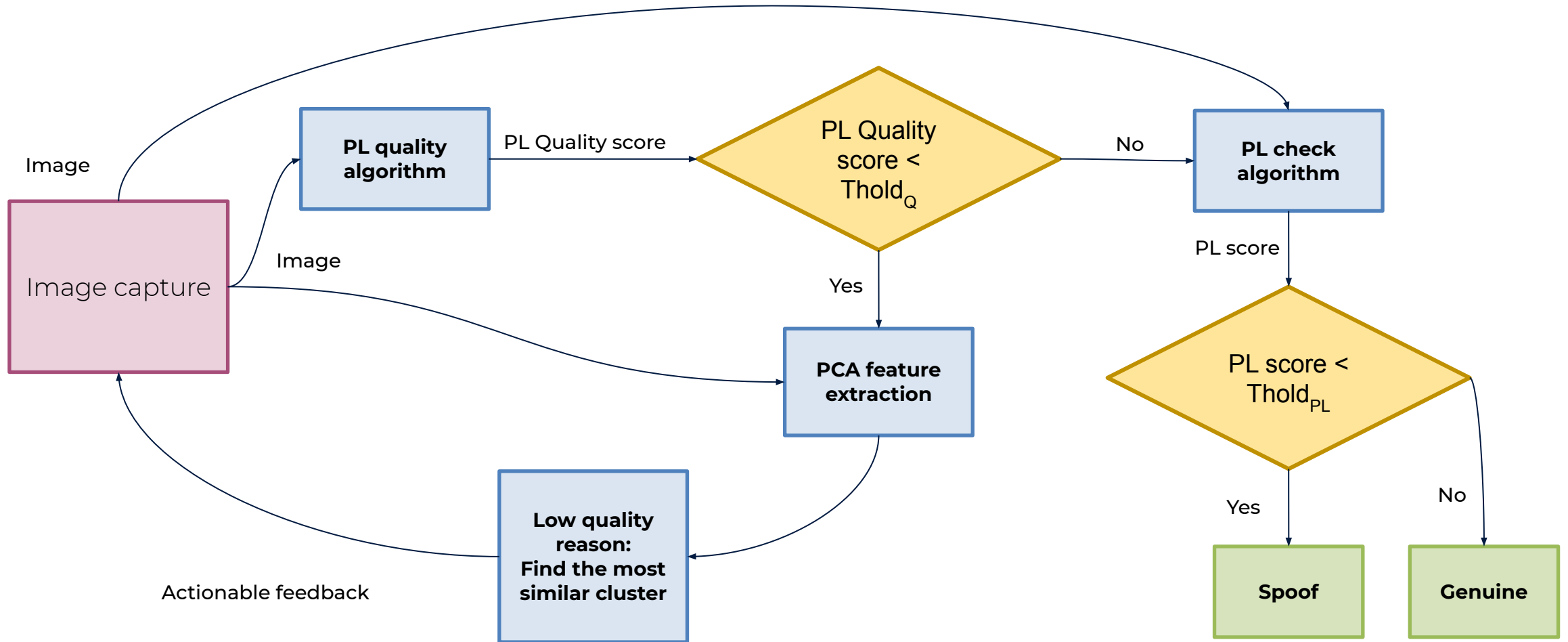
Under-exposed / Blurry



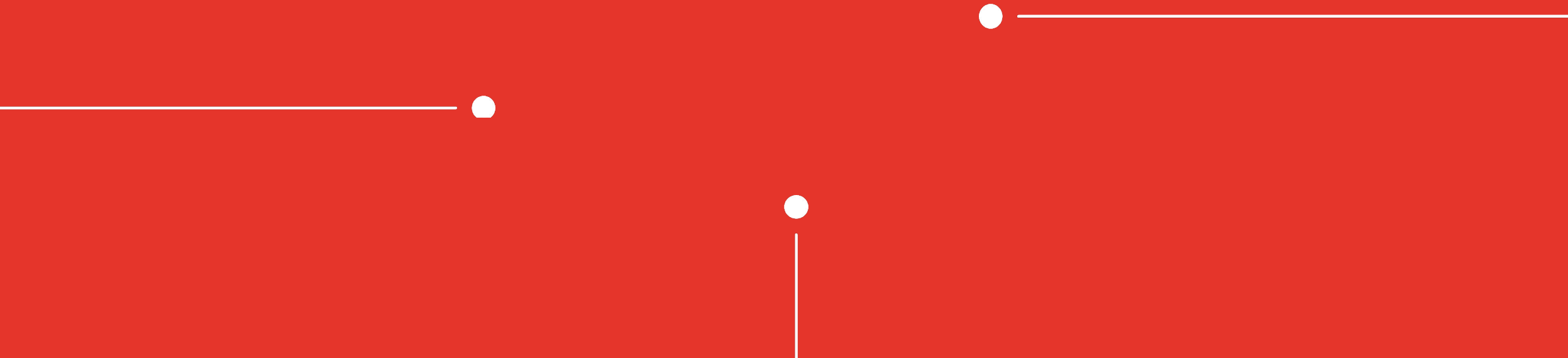
White balance / Color shift



# PL (actionable feedback) check workflow

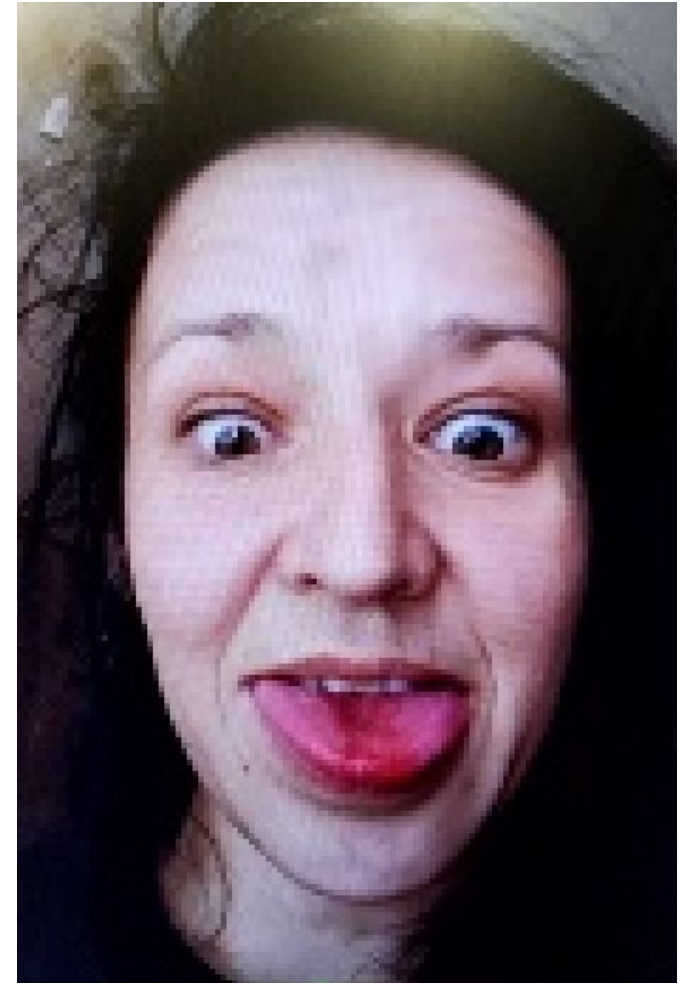
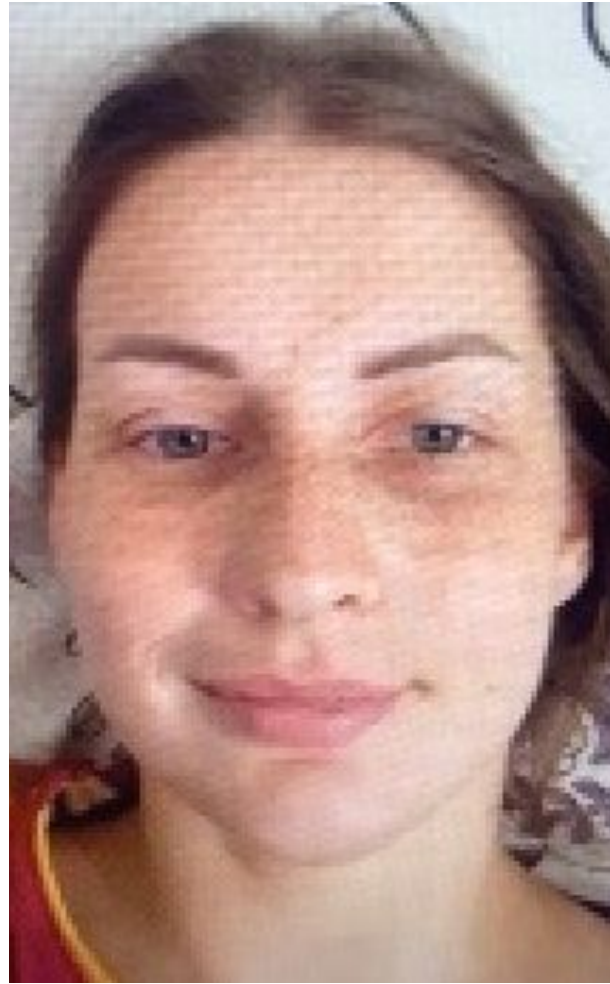
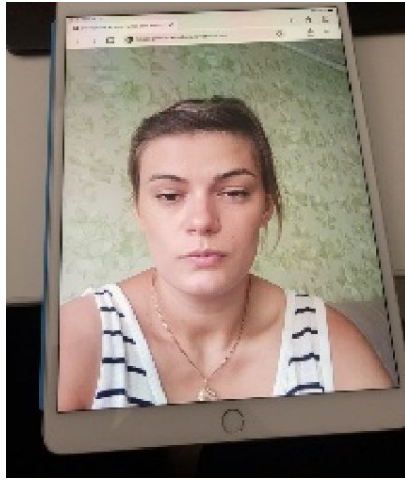


# Hard Spoofs





# High Quality / Score spoofs



# Multimodal Passive Liveness

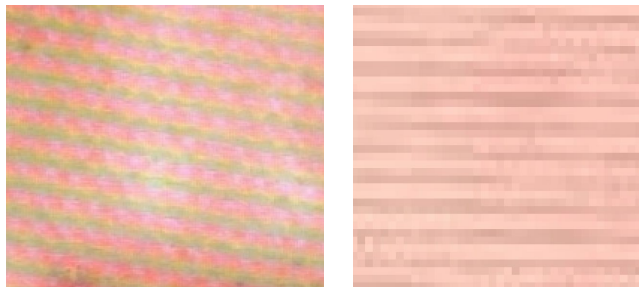
## ***Moire***

### **Moire pattern detection**

Near to original resolution

Attacks:

- Replay (display)



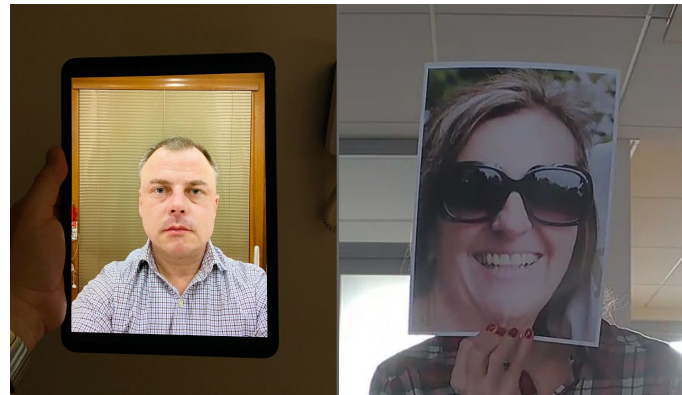
## ***Frames***

### **Face in scene analysis**

Zoomed out face crop with lower resolution

Attacks:

- Tablet / Phone (display) attacks
- Printed attacks



## ***Nearby***

### **Face details analysis**

Closed up crop of face with high resolution

Attacks:

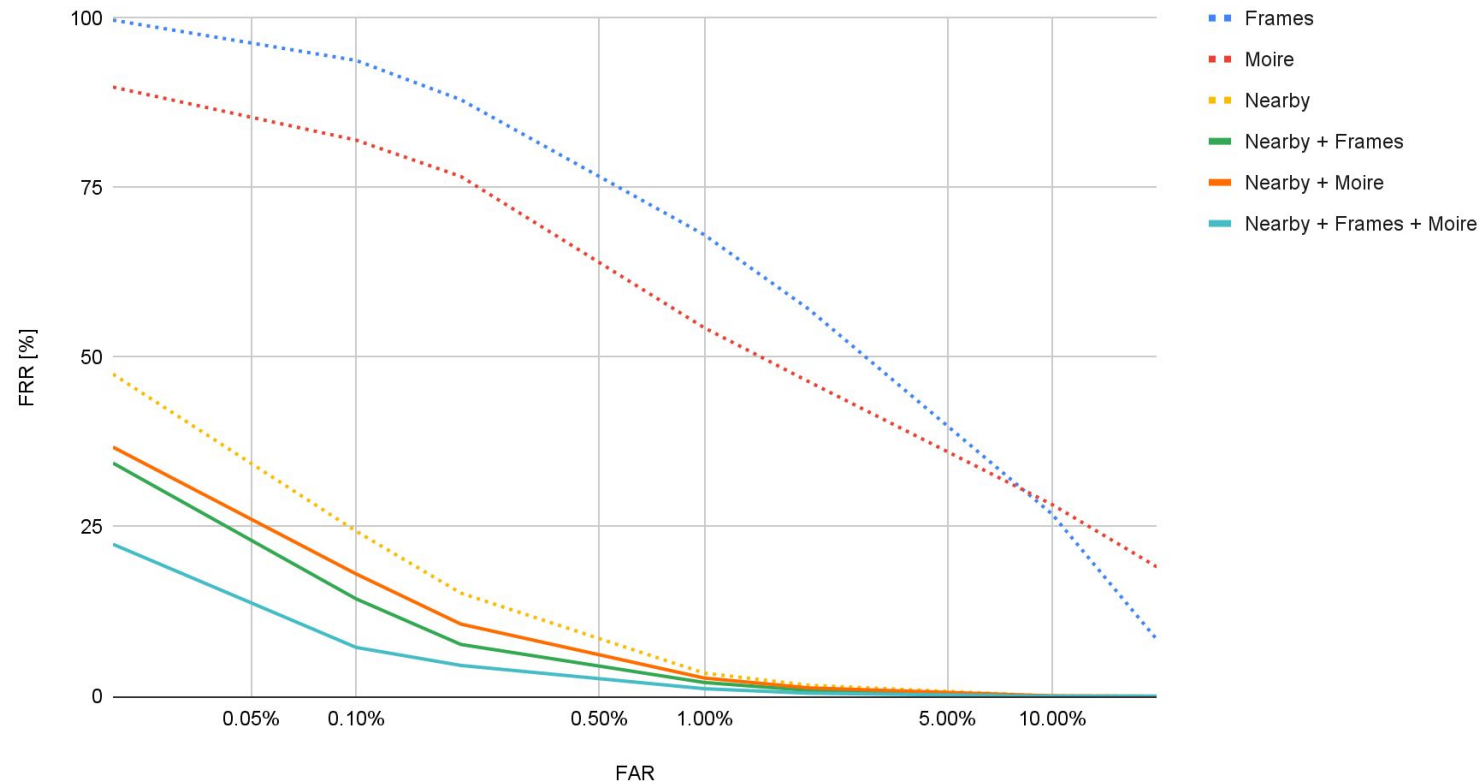
- Replay (display)
- 2D masks
- 3D masks
- Printed attacks



# Multimodal PL accuracy

DET comparison of Single vs Multimodal PL checks

DOT testing dataset



# Results

- Low PL quality filtering can significantly **improve PL check accuracy**
- PL quality can be used to **find and categorize blind spots** of PL check
- **Actionable feedback** according to low PL quality image clusters similarity

# Questions?

Slovakia (HQ)  
+421 2 2071 4056

Brazil  
+55 11 4210-5185

Singapore  
+65 3158 7379

Taiwan (R.O.C.)  
+886 2 7741 4036

USA  
+1 404 984-2024